



WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES  
NOTICE OF FINAL GUIDANCE & CERTIFICATION

*Pursuant to ch. 227, Wis. Stats., the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources has finalized and hereby certifies the following guidance document.*

**DOCUMENT ID**

WM-19-0006-C

**DOCUMENT TITLE**

2019-20 Small Game/Turkey Regulations

**PROGRAM/BUREAU**

Wildlife Management

**STATUTORY AUTHORITY OR LEGAL CITATION**

Wisconsin State Statutes Chapter 29 or Chapter 10 of the Administrative Code of the Department of Natural Resources

**DATE SENT TO LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU (FOR PUBLIC COMMENTS)**

Sept. 9, 2019

**DATE FINALIZED**

Oct. 14, 2019

**DNR CERTIFICATION**

*I have reviewed this guidance document or proposed guidance document and I certify that it complies with sections 227.10 and 227.11 of the Wisconsin Statutes. I further certify that the guidance document or proposed guidance document contains no standard, requirement, or threshold that is not explicitly required or explicitly permitted by a statute or a rule that has been lawfully promulgated. I further certify that the guidance document or proposed guidance document contains no standard, requirement, or threshold that is more restrictive than a standard, requirement, or threshold contained in the Wisconsin Statutes.*

10/2/19

Signature

Date

# Wisconsin

## 2019 Small Game Hunting Regulations, 2019 Fall Turkey Regulations and 2020 Spring Turkey Regulations

**Note:** To hunt turkey, a turkey hunting license, stamp and harvest authorization are required. A small game license is not needed for hunting turkey and is NOT interchangeable with a turkey hunting license.



2019 Pheasant Stamp art  
by Todd Haefner

2019 Wild Turkey Stamp art  
by Stephan Senechal



**Report turkey, sharp-tailed grouse and bobcat harvests with GameReg Online (fastest and easiest method): [gamereg.wi.gov](http://gamereg.wi.gov)**  
**By phone: 1-844-426-3734 (1-844-GAME-REG)**



This pamphlet gives you a summary of Wisconsin's small game and wild turkey hunting laws and how they affect you; it is not a complete set of all the hunting-related laws. For complete trapping and hunting laws, consult the Wisconsin State Statutes Chapter 29 or Chapter 10 of the Administrative Code of the Department of Natural Resources.

**Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources**  
**PUB-WM-430 2019**



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### Report Natural Resource Violations

CALL or TEXT:

800-TIP-WDNR

(800-847-9367)

Toll Free•Statewide•24-Hour•Confidential

### HARVEST REGISTRATION: WHY DOES IT MATTER?

Reporting deer, bear, turkey, sharp-tailed grouse, bobcat, fisher and otter harvests through GameReg is not only required, it's critical to population monitoring and management in Wisconsin. Information gained from registration is used to monitor populations and set quotas and harvest authorization levels. Report your harvest at [gamereg.wi.gov](http://gamereg.wi.gov) or call 844-426-3734 by 5 p.m. the day after recovery.

### Questions?

Visit our website, [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), or call

if calling from a WI area code: 888-WDNR-INFO (888-936-7463)

If calling from an area code outside WI: 608-266-2621

TTY Access via relay - 711

Hmong- and Spanish-speaking representatives are available.





## NEW IN 2019

- **Fort McCoy hunting, trapping and fishing approvals are no longer available through the DNR's Go Wild licensing system.** Fort McCoy approvals are available only through Fort McCoy's iSportsman application at <https://fmmcocy.iSportsman.net>. See page 19.

## DEFINITIONS

- **Daily bag or bag limit** means the total number of a particular game species that a person may harvest in one day, no matter how long or often that person hunted on that day.
- **DNR-managed land** means any land owned, leased, or under easement to the State of Wisconsin which is under the management, supervision, and control of the Department of Natural Resources; does not include private lands open to public access such as Managed Forest Law, Forest Crop Law, Voluntary Public Access lands, NGO-funded stewardship lands, or lands managed by other units of government, such as county or national parks or forests.
- **Flashlight** means a battery-operated light held by hand or attached to clothing or part of the body.
- **Furbearing animal** means raccoon, fox, coyote, bobcat, skunk, opossum, weasel and woodchuck.
- **Game bird** refers to ruffed grouse, sharp-tailed grouse, pheasant, gray (Hungarian) partridge, bobwhite quail and crow. **Note: For the purposes of this pamphlet, wild turkey are treated separately from game birds.**
- **Harvest authorization** means a hunting privilege, formerly known as a carcass tag or permit, which authorizes the hunter to harvest one turkey in the zone and time period for which the authorization is valid. Each harvest authorization is identified by a unique harvest authorization number.
- **Harvest Information Program (HIP)** refers to a series of questions that individuals must answer before hunting any species of migratory game bird including waterfowl, mourning dove and woodcock. HIP registration can be done at a license agent, by phone or via the internet. HIP registration is free of charge. All hunters must have in their possession proof of HIP registration while hunting migratory game birds. Visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov); keywords "[harvest information program](#)" for more information.
- **Migratory game bird** means mourning dove, woodcock, snipe, sora rail and Virginia rail. Waterfowl are also migratory game birds; those regulations are printed in a separate pamphlet. All migratory game bird hunters must be HIP certified (see above for more information on HIP).
- **Point of kill** is when an animal's location is known by the hunter. At this time, the use of a flashlight is allowed to identify the animal accurately, safely aim the weapon and kill the animal. It does not include shining a light for the purpose of searching for wild animals whose specific location the hunter does not yet know.
- **Portable** means any entire ground blind or tree stand that can be moved or carried by one person and which does not require construction aside from assembling the pre-existing components.
- **Possession limit** means the maximum number of a game species that a person may possess at-large, and includes all game stored or controlled by a person, regardless of the proximity to the location of storage.
- **Protected species** means the following mammals, reptiles and birds may not be hunted, trapped or possessed without first obtaining appropriate DNR authorization: Protected species include all endangered and threatened species. All game animals (including elk) which have an open and closed season, bag limit, size limit or possession limit are protected during their closed seasons.
  - **Mammals:** badger, bats, Canada lynx, cougar, flying squirrel, jackrabbit, American (pine) marten, moose, white or albino deer (all white except for hooves, tarsal glands, head and parts of the head), and wolverine;
  - **Reptiles:** black rat snake, bull snake, timber rattlesnake and yellow-bellied (blue) racer;
  - **Birds:** all wild birds (including songbirds and blackbirds) not specifically mentioned in the hunting, trapping and migratory bird regulation pamphlets are protected.
- **Small game mammal** means squirrel, rabbit and hare.
- **Unprotected species** means mammals and birds that can be hunted year-round without bag limits or shooting hours restrictions, and includes starling, English (house) sparrow, chukar partridge, coturnix quail, opossum, skunk, weasel, woodchuck, porcupines and all other wild mammals not specifically mentioned in the hunting, trapping and migratory game bird regulation pamphlets and not listed as an endangered, threatened or protected species (see "protected species" listed above). A small game license is needed for hunting unprotected species.
- **Waterfowl** means ducks, geese, brant, mergansers, coots and gallinules.

## GENERAL SMALL GAME HUNTING REGULATIONS

### General Firearm, Bow and Crossbow Restrictions

#### *It is illegal to:*

- Possess or use any firearm for hunting if you are a **felon** or have been **prohibited from possessing a firearm** under Wisconsin law. A hunting license **does not** authorize the purchaser the ability to possess a **firearm** for hunting. Most hunting licenses allow the choice of hunting with a firearm, air rifle, bow and arrow or crossbow. Unless otherwise prohibited, a felon can generally hunt small game mammals legally with an air rifle, or most species with a bow and arrow or crossbow;
  - Hunt with a fully automatic firearm;
  - Possess or use while hunting any tracer or incendiary shells, cartridges or ammunition;
  - Discharge a firearm at or toward power and utility lines and any related equipment;
  - Hunt with any means other than a gun discharged from the shoulder, a legal handgun, bow and arrow or crossbow;
  - Shoot a firearm within 100 yards of a building devoted to human occupancy, while on lands you do not own, without the permission of the owner or occupant of that building;\*
- (\*Note: Be sure to check with local authorities before using firearms in urbanized or populated areas.)
- **Operate or go armed with a firearm while under the influence of an intoxicant.**

### Rifles

**Rifle** means a firearm or airgun designed to be fired from the shoulder by the energy of an explosive propellant or compressed air used to fire a single projectile through a rifled or smooth barrel for each pull of the trigger. It is legal to hunt unprotected species (page 10), furbearing animals (page 11) and small game mammals (page 16) with a rifle, except that **it is illegal to:**

- Hunt with a rifle with a barrel length of less than 16 inches or with an overall length of less than 26 inches, unless you hold a federal license to possess a short-barreled rifle;
- Hunt with a pellet gun or air rifle less than .17 caliber;
- Hunt any game bird (page 12), migratory game bird (page 15) or wild turkey (page 16) with a rifle.

### Shotguns

**Shotgun** means a smoothbore-barreled firearm designed to shoot pellets. It is legal to hunt unprotected species (page 10), furbearing animals (page 11), game birds (page 12), migratory game birds (page 15), small game mammals (page 16) and wild turkey (page 16) with a shotgun, except that **it is illegal to:**

- Hunt with a shotgun with a barrel length of less than 18 inches or with an overall length of less than 26 inches, unless you hold a federal license to possess a short-barreled shotgun;
- Hunt any migratory game bird (including mourning dove, woodcock, rail and snipe) with any shotgun capable of holding more than three shells (magazine and chamber combined).

### Shot and Shotshells

#### *It is illegal to:*

- Hunt game birds or wild turkey with **lead or other toxic shot** while on federal Waterfowl Production Areas (WPAs);
- Hunt mourning dove with or while in possession of **lead or other toxic shot while** on DNR managed land;
- Hunt snipe or rail statewide with or while in possession of **lead or other toxic shot**;
- Hunt migratory game birds with or while in possession of shotshells larger than no. 10 gauge;
- Hunt wild turkey with or while in possession of shotshells loaded with shot larger than no. 4 lead or other non-steel shot, or shot larger than no. 2 steel;
- Hunt any game bird with a shotgun or muzzleloader loaded with shot larger than no. BB; with a single slug or ball; or which is chambered for a shotshell larger than no. 10 gauge;
- Possess or control shotshells loaded with a single slug or ball while hunting any game bird or wild turkey except during open gun deer or bear seasons. Shotshells loaded with a single slug or ball are legal during any season for hunting small game species, including coyote, fox and bobcat, but not for hunting game birds or wild turkey; and

- Hunt while in possession of shot or shotshells loaded with shot larger than no. BB (including buckshot) from June 1–Dec. 13 **except**:
  - Non-toxic shot size BBB and T may be used for hunting waterfowl;
  - Shot larger than BB may be possessed and used for the purpose of hunting bobcat.

## Handguns

**Handgun** means a weapon designed and intended to be fired while held in one hand and to use the energy of an explosive, propellant or compressed air to expel a projectile(s) through a smooth or rifled bore. Modifying a rifle or shotgun so it can be used like a handgun does not make it a legal handgun, and may violate state law prohibiting short-barreled shotguns and short-barreled rifles. It is legal to hunt small game, furbearing animals and unprotected species with a handgun except that **it is illegal to**:

- Hunt with or possess a handgun if under the age of 18.\* This does **not** apply to air guns.  
(\***Note**: Target shooting with handguns that are firearms by persons under the age of 18 years is allowed only when supervised by an adult.)
- Hunt with a handgun or pellet gun less than .17 caliber;
- Hunt small game using a handgun with a barrel shorter than 4 inches measured from the muzzle to the firing pin with the action closed or from the muzzle to the breech face;
- Possess a concealed handgun unless authorized by a Carry Concealed Weapon License or otherwise authorized to possess a concealed firearm; and
- Hunt any game bird (pages 3 & 12), migratory game bird (pages 3 & 15) or wild turkey (page 16) with a handgun, **except** persons possessing a Class A, certain Class B or Class C Disabled Permit may use handguns chambered for .410 or larger shotshells for hunting game birds.

## Muzzleloaders and Muzzleloading Handguns

**Muzzleloader** means any caliber of muzzleloading firearm. It is legal to hunt the following with a muzzleloader, but additional ammunition restrictions may apply for certain species (e.g., migratory game birds): small game mammals, game birds, migratory game birds, furbearing animals, wild turkey and unprotected species **except that**:

- Muzzleloading *handguns* are not legal for hunting game birds, wild turkeys or migratory game birds;
- If hunting small game mammals, muzzleloading handguns must have a minimum barrel length of 4 inches measured from the muzzle to the breech face.

## Bows, Arrows and Crossbows

- A **crossbow** means any device using a bow which, once drawn, is held solely by means other than the effort of the person firing it.
- **Crossbows** are legal for any person to use for hunting wild turkey under the authority of a turkey hunting license; or for hunting migratory birds and small game under the authority of a small game hunting license, non-resident furbearer hunting license or crossbow license.
- Crossbows are not legal to use for hunting small game under the authority of an archer license.
- When authorized, crossbows shall have a minimum draw of 100 pounds, a workable safety and use at least 14-inch-long bolts or arrows equipped with broadheads. Bows that are equipped with a *draw-lock type mechanism* which holds the bow at full draw are considered crossbows, but are exempt from the 100-pound minimum requirement.

### **It is illegal to:**

- Hunt with or while in possession of a poisoned or drugged arrow or those with an explosive tip.

### Wildlife Violator Compact

The State of Wisconsin is a participating member of the Wildlife Violator Compact. The Wildlife Violator Compact is an agreement between participating states that prohibits a person whose hunting, fishing, or trapping privileges are suspended in one state from obtaining licenses, permits, or participating in those activities in another participating state. For more information, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov); keywords "[wildlife violator compact](#)."

## Arms Transportation

### It is illegal to:

- Possess or transport in a moving vehicle any firearm (other than a handgun), bow or crossbow unless it is unloaded;\*

(\*Note: A loaded firearm can be placed on, but not in, a vehicle which is stationary. Qualified disabled persons with the authority to shoot from a stationary vehicle must have all firearms [other than handguns] unloaded while the vehicle is in motion.)

- Place, possess or transport a cocked crossbow in or on a motorized vehicle unless it is unloaded and enclosed within a case;
- Load a firearm (other than a handgun) while it is in a vehicle; and
- Discharge any firearm in or from any moving vehicle or a stationary motorized\* vehicle, except for certain disabled hunters with proper permits;

(\*Note: A person may load and discharge a firearm, bow or crossbow from a stationary **non-motorized** vehicle such as a wagon, trailer or a blind with wheels, which is not attached to a motor vehicle.)

### Unloaded means any of the following:

1. Having no shell or cartridge in the chamber of a firearm or in the magazine, clip or cylinder attached to a firearm;
2. Having the cap removed from a percussion muzzleloading firearm;
3. Having the flashpan cleaned of powder from a flintlock muzzleloading firearm; or
4. Having the battery disconnected and removed from an electronic-ignition system muzzleloader.

## Hunting Near Roadways

**Highway** means the entire width between the boundary lines of every public road, but does not include private roads and driveways.

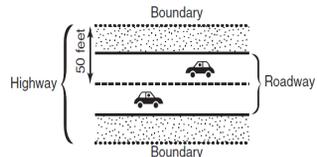
**Roadway** means the portion of the highway that is improved or ordinarily used for vehicle travel, excluding the berm or shoulder.

**Public road** means those roads shown on the current official county highway map available from the Department of Transportation.

### It is illegal to:

- Hunt within 50 feet of the roadway's center; **or**
- Discharge a firearm, shoot an arrow from a bow or bolt from a crossbow:
  - From or across a highway, **or**
  - Within 50 feet of the roadway's center.

(Note: These prohibitions apply to all public roads [defined above]. However, anyone hunting small game or turkey with a muzzleloader or shotgun loaded with shot size BB or smaller is **exempt** from these prohibitions **if** the roadway is unpaved [i.e., dirt, sand or gravel] and if the adjacent land is not open to public hunting, you must first have permission of the adjacent landowner.)



**Exceptions:** Certain exceptions are allowed for Class A and certain Class B disabled permit holders. See page 25 for more information or call the DNR Call Center at 888-936-7463.

## Shining

### It is illegal to:

- Use or possess with intent to use a light, including vehicle headlights or laser sights\* on firearms, bows and crossbows, for shining any wild animal while hunting or in possession of a firearm, bow or crossbow;
  - (\*Note: Visually handicapped hunters with a Class C Disabled Permit may use a laser sight for hunting.)
- Use or possess with intent to use a light, including vehicle headlights, for shining wild animals between the hours of 10 PM and 7 AM from Sept. 14 through Dec. 31 whether or not in possession of a firearm, bow or crossbow.

**Exceptions:** A flashlight or firearm-mounted light may be used while shooting at the point of kill or to find your way while hunting on foot for coyote, raccoon, fox or unprotected species. See page 3 for the definition of **flashlight**.

(Note: Some areas may prohibit shining by local ordinance. Check with the local sheriff's department or township officials for local shining restrictions.)

## Dogs

Dogs are considered private property and are protected by law. Owners may be held responsible for damage caused by their dogs while hunting or for dogs running at large.

### *It is illegal to:*

- Allow a dog to run at large, **except that** a dog actively engaged in a legal hunting activity, including training, is not considered to be running at large if it is monitored or supervised by a person **and** the dog is on land open to public hunting or on land for which the person has obtained permission to hunt with or to train a dog.

### USE OF DOGS FOR HUNTING

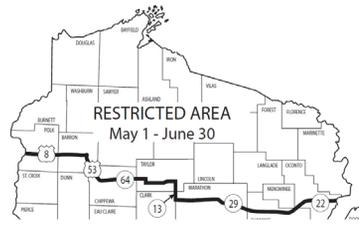
Dogs are legal to use for hunting small game mammals, game birds, furbearing animals, migratory game birds and unprotected species, except dogs may be used for hunting wild turkeys **only** during the fall season. Dogs must be leashed at all times on Waterfowl Production Areas (WPAs) unless engaged in a legal hunting activity.

### DOG TRAINING

For information about dog training opportunities on DNR lands, regulations and license information, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keywords “[dog training](#).”

### *It is illegal to:*

- Allow dogs to run on DNR lands from April 15–July 31 unless the dog is on a leash no longer than 8 feet. This rule does not apply to Class 1 field trial grounds, DNR lands open to dog training or trials, or after June 30 when training dogs to track bear, rabbit or raccoon on lands open to hunting;
- Allow a dog to kill any wild animal at any time; and
- Hunt or pursue any free-roaming wild animal with the aid of any dog from May 1 to June 30 in the portion of the state north of the highways shown on the map at right, except as authorized for raccoon and rabbit dog trials or training under the authority of a dog trial or training license.



## Use of Devices

### *It is illegal to:*

- Hunt any animal with the aid of any aircraft, including unmanned aircraft and drones;
- Use any device other than legal firearms, airguns, bows or crossbows to kill or catch wild animals, except that traps and falconry birds may be used under the appropriate license or permit and seasons;
- Use *draw-lock type mechanisms* that can hold a compound bow at full draw unless authorized to use a crossbow;\*
- (\*Note: This is not allowed under an archer license.)
- Use or possess any electronic or electronically amplified calls<sup>▲</sup> while hunting migratory game birds or wild turkey;>\*\*
- (▲ Note: It is legal to use any type of call or amplified sound for attracting foxes, raccoon, crows, coyotes and unprotected species during the open season.)
- (\*\*Exceptions: A person with a Class A or B Disabled Hunting Permit issued for more than one year and which authorizes hunting from a stationary vehicle, or a person who is deaf or severely hard of hearing due to some pathological or functional cause as verified by a medical professional, may use electronic calls for hunting wild turkeys.)
- Use live or electronic decoys for the purposes of enticing wild turkeys;
- Use or possess laser sights while hunting unless you are visually handicapped and possess a Class C Disabled Permit; and
- Possess or use a firearm suppressor/silencer unless you hold a federal license to possess the device.

## Highly Visible Clothing Requirements

During any gun or muzzleloader deer season (see table page 9), no person may hunt any game unless at least 50% of the person’s outer clothing above the waist including a hat, if worn, is colored blaze orange or fluorescent pink. Although not as visible, camo-blaze is legal if 50% of the material is blaze orange or fluorescent pink.\*

(\*Exceptions: The blaze clothing requirement does not apply to waterfowl hunters or during legal night hunting activities from ½ hour after sunset to ½ hour before sunrise while hunting coyote, fox, raccoon and unprotected species.)

## Transport and Sale of Game

### *It is illegal to:*

- Sell, purchase or barter, or offer to sell, purchase or barter any migratory game bird or part thereof;
- Sell, purchase or barter, or offer to sell, purchase or barter any small game mammal or parts thereof except as noted in “Possession and Sale” on pages 10, 11 and 16;
- Sell, purchase or barter, or offer to sell, purchase or barter any game bird or turkey or parts thereof except as noted in “Possession and Sale” on pages 12 and 17.

(**Note:** Although the sale of carcasses of certain wild animals is allowed if they were lawfully harvested, Dept. of Agriculture Trade & Consumer Protection Division of Food Safety rules do not allow the sale of uninspected meat for the purpose of human consumption.)

## Serving Game to Guests

### *It is illegal to:*

- Serve wild-harvested game at any restaurant, club, hotel, tavern or boarding house; or
  - Charge or collect a fee to participate in an event where wild-harvested game is served.
- (**Note:** The DNR may issue a permit authorizing the serving of lawfully taken and possessed wild animals at these locations. For more information on Wild Game Serving Permits Form 9400-175, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) and search “wild game serving permit.”)

## Taking and Possession of Game

### *It is illegal to:*

- Take any wild animal which has been lawfully obtained by someone else without having that person’s consent;
  - Not immediately kill, in a humane manner, all game taken and make it part of your daily bag;
  - Take game shot by another hunter or shoot game for another hunter unless participating in a gun deer group hunt. See [Deer Hunting Regulations](#) for details;
  - While afield, possess game killed by another unless accompanied by the original harvester;  
(**Note:** This does not apply to a person who possesses game at a dwelling, business or in a vehicle on a public roadway as long as the game has been registered by the original harvester.)
  - Possess game taken by another unless able to provide the registration confirmation number, name and address or customer ID of the original harvester;
  - Gift game to any person while afield. All game given as a gift remains counted toward the daily bag limit of the original harvester;
  - Molest any squirrel nest or den, raccoon den or tree, mink den or muskrat house;
  - Unreasonably destroy, molest or waste game. You must make every reasonable effort to retrieve all game killed or crippled. Until such effort is made, the killed or crippled game shall be included in the daily bag;\*
- (\***Note:** This rule does **not** allow you to enter private lands without the permission of the landowner or shoot game beyond established shooting hours.)
- Possess any game while afield, unless you hold a valid hunting or trapping license or state permit carried on your person, or unless you are hunting certain game as a landowner or occupant of that land;
  - Capture and tag, collar or mark and release any game taken from the wild unless issued the appropriate state and/or federal permit.

## Ground Blinds on DNR-managed Lands

During any gun or muzzleloader deer season, all ground blinds (except waterfowl blinds) on lands that are DNR-owned or DNR-managed must have a minimum of **144 square inches of solid blaze orange or fluorescent pink material visible from all directions**. All unoccupied ground blinds must have the owner’s customer ID number or name and address attached in a manner that is legible and visible in a conspicuous location near the entrance. Statewide, all ground blinds and elevated devices must be removed daily except as follows.

- **North of Highway 64**, no more than two ground blinds or elevated devices per person per county may be left overnight on DNR-managed lands from Sept. 1 – Jan. 31, 2020. All ground blinds and elevated devices must be removed no later than Jan. 31, 2020,\* except that on any land that is part of the state park system, portable blinds/elevated devices may remain placed **only** throughout the timeframe beginning seven days prior to, and ending seven days after, an established fall hunting period.
- **South of Highway 64**, ground blinds and elevated devices must be removed daily at the end of shooting hours except waterfowl blinds, which may be left up throughout the season but must be removed completely within seven days of the season closure.\*

(\***Exceptions:** Ground blinds constructed entirely of dead vegetation found on the property do not need to be removed at the end of each day, do not need to display blaze orange and do not need to have name and address displayed.)

## White-tailed Deer Seasons\*

Statewide Youth Gun Deer Hunt	Oct. 5–6, 2019
Gun	Nov. 23–Dec. 1, 2019
Muzzleloader	Dec. 2–11, 2019
December 4-day Antlerless Season	Dec. 12–15, 2019
Antlerless-only Holiday Hunt	Dec. 24, 2019–Jan. 1, 2020

\*Note: See the [2019 Deer Hunting Regulations](#) or call (888) 936-7463 for more information on deer hunting seasons. Holiday Hunt open only in select Farmland Zone counties; see regulations for open counties.

### Hunting Incidents

Any person who discharges a firearm, bow or crossbow and who injures or kills a person should first render necessary assistance and then immediately report the incident to the local sheriff or police. Every person involved in a shooting incident that injures or kills another must render a report to the DNR **within 10 days** of the injury or death.

### Baiting

It is illegal to use bait to hunt small game mammals, migratory birds, game birds, wild turkey and furbearing animals. However, hunting over agricultural crops and wildlife food plots planted and left standing is legal. Also, hunting over seeds dispersed from naturally occurring vegetation, grain or feed scattered solely by normal agricultural operations which include harvesting, post-harvest manipulations or other agricultural practices is not considered baiting. Manipulation of agricultural crops or natural vegetation prior to harvest by mowing, shredding, discing, chopping, rolling, trampling, flattening, burning or herbicide treatment is legal for hunting **doves**, but is **not legal** for hunting other species. For more information on baiting, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keyword “[baiting](#).”

### Vehicle-killed Game and Possession

Any person may claim a **deer, bear or turkey** that has been accidentally killed by a motor vehicle. The driver of a vehicle that collides with and kills a deer, bear or turkey has first priority to the carcass.

- **Deer, bear or turkey:** Visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) and search “[car-killed wildlife](#)” or call 608-267-7691 to register a car-killed deer, bear or turkey. A registration confirmation number is required prior to taking possession of the animal. Upon completing notification to DNR, a person may, without a tag, legally possess and transport a vehicle-killed deer or turkey. A tag is still required for car-killed bear.
- **Small Game:** A person who accidentally kills small game animals while operating a motor vehicle on a highway can take possession of the carcass without the need to obtain a tag only if:
  1. The animal is **NOT** a fisher, otter, bobcat, wolf, migratory bird or a protected, endangered or threatened species;
  2. The person possesses a license authorizing the hunting or trapping of the kind of animal that was killed, **AND** the animal was killed during the open season for that species;
  3. If the operator of the vehicle that killed the animal does not want to take possession of the carcass, then any person with a license authorizing the hunting or trapping of that animal may take possession of the carcass if it is during an open season for the species.

### Trap Theft

Stealing or molesting lawfully set or placed traps or snares is a criminal act, punishable by a mandatory 5-year revocation of all hunting, fishing and trapping privileges, fines (\$300–\$1000), imprisonment (up to 90 days) or all three.

### Nuisance Wild Hogs

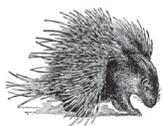
**European wild hogs** and **Russian wild boars** are not common, nor are they native to Wisconsin. These animals damage the environment and pose health risks to native wildlife and domestic livestock. Please consider shooting any wild hogs you encounter in the field. You may legally shoot a wild or feral hog if:

- you are a landowner with or without a hunting license and the hog is on your property;
- you have a license which authorizes hunting small game; or
- you have first called the DNR and received authorization to shoot a hog (you may be required to turn the hog over to the DNR if you are not the landowner or if you do not have the appropriate hunting license).



## UNPROTECTED SPECIES REGULATIONS

In addition to the general small game regulations listed on pages 4 to 9, the following regulations are specific to unprotected species.



- **Unprotected Species:** See description on page 3 of this pamphlet.
- **Season:** These species can be hunted year-round in areas open to hunting.
- **Possession Limits:** There is **no** daily bag limit and no possession limit.
- **Possession and Sale:** It is legal to sell the carcass, skins or feathers of legally harvested unprotected species.
- **Licenses, Stamps and Permits:** A small game hunting license or trapping license is required, **except that:**

1. Landowners do not need a license to shoot or trap unprotected species causing damage or nuisance. (See page 20 for details, exceptions, and free licenses for qualified individuals and landowners.)

2. Persons, including landowners, hunting or trapping unprotected species must comply with all methods of taking requirements and restrictions unless otherwise authorized by a permit from the DNR.

• **Night Hunting:** Unprotected species (as well as coyote, fox and raccoon) may be hunted *without* shooting hour restrictions *except:*

1. If hunting with a bow or crossbow, the hours listed on pages 31–32 apply for hunting all species\* during the bear and archery deer seasons.

2. If hunting with a gun, the hours listed on pages 31–32 apply for hunting all species\* during the regular 9-day November gun deer season. In the Southern Farmland Management Zone during this season, however, unprotected species **may** be hunted without shooting hour restrictions. This restriction does not apply, in any deer management zone or unit, during the 4-day antlerless deer season, youth deer hunt or muzzleloader season. See deer season dates on page 9.

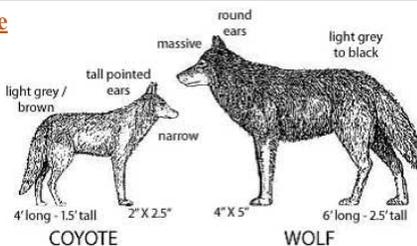
\*Migratory game bird hunters should follow shooting hours given in [2019 Wisconsin Migratory Bird Regulations](#).

• **Highly Visible Clothing Requirement:** Hunters of unprotected species are exempt from the blaze clothing requirement on page 7 if hunting 1/2 hour after sunset to 1/2 hour before sunrise.

• **Use of Lights:** A flashlight or firearm-mounted light may be used at the **point of kill** while hunting on foot for coyote, raccoon, fox or unprotected species. Lights may not be used to shine for these animals while in possession of firearm, bow or crossbow.

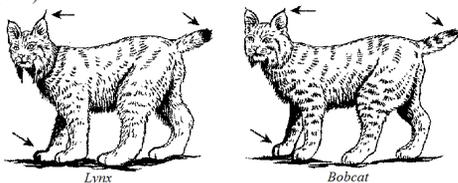
### Coyote vs. Wolf: Know the Difference

Primary wolf range is northern and central Wisconsin, but they travel throughout the state. Wolf season is currently closed in Wisconsin. Always be sure of your target. Visit [dnr.wi.gov](#) and search keyword “wolf” for more information.



### Bobcat and Lynx Comparison

Canada lynx, a rare visitor to Wisconsin, are listed as a threatened species by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Please help us protect this unique animal through your careful observation. See illustrations below and if you observe a Canada lynx contact the DNR Call Center immediately at (888) 936-7463.



Lynx are distinguished from bobcat primarily by the tip of their tail, which is completely black. Only the upper half of the tail tip is black on the bobcat. Lynx also have larger ear tufts, are lighter in coloration, have large densely furred feet and less distinct tracks than bobcat.

## SMALL GAME HUNTING SEASONS AND REGULATIONS



### Furbearing Animal Hunting Seasons and Regulations

In addition to the general small game hunting regulations listed on pages 4–9, the following are regulations specific to furbearing animals.

Species	Daily Bag	Area	2019 (except as noted)		
			Opens		Closes
Raccoons—Residents	Unlimited	Statewide	Oct. 19		Feb. 15, 2020
Raccoons—Nonresidents	Unlimited	Statewide	Nov. 2		Feb. 15, 2020
Fox—Red & Gray	Unlimited	Statewide	Oct. 19		Feb. 15, 2020
Coyote	Unlimited	Statewide	Year-round open hunting season		
Bobcat*	1 by permit*	Northern Zone, Southern Zone: Hwy 64 is zone boundary	Period 1	Oct. 19	Dec. 25
			Period 2	Dec. 26	Jan. 31, 2020

**\*Note:** The application deadline for a bobcat permit or preference point is August 1. Bobcat permits may be transferred to youth under age 18 or to a person possessing a valid Class A, B, C or D disabled hunting permit no later than 15 days before the open season. A youth receiving the permit will retain any accumulated preference points. Preference points may also be transferred from a deceased person to a youth. For more information, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) and search “transfer permit.”

**Possession and Sale:** Lawfully harvested carcasses and pelts may be sold at any time. After their skin is removed, bobcat carcasses may be retained by the DNR for research purposes. **It is illegal to** possess the green skin of a bobcat that has not been registered within seven days after the season closes.

**Licenses/Permits:** Residents are required to have a small game hunting license and non-residents are required to have a furbearer license. See pages 20, 25 and 27 for details and exceptions for qualified individuals and landowners. A bobcat permit and tag are required to hunt or trap a bobcat.

**Night Hunting:** Coyote, fox, raccoon, and unprotected species may be hunted *without* shooting hour restrictions. See exceptions under **Night Hunting** on page 10.

**Highly Visible Clothing Requirement:** Hunters of unprotected species are exempt from the blaze clothing requirement on page 7 if hunting 1/2 hour after sunset to 1/2 hour before sunrise.

**Use of Lights:** A flashlight or firearm-mounted light may be used at the **point of kill** while hunting on foot for coyote, raccoon, fox or unprotected species. Lights may not be used to shine for these animals while in possession of firearm, bow or crossbow.

### Bobcat

- You are required to possess a bobcat harvest permit and unfilled carcass tag for the appropriate bobcat management zone while hunting bobcat.
- Immediately upon dispatching a bobcat, the pelt tag must be validated and attached. Validate the tag by slitting the month and date of kill on the tag. Attach the validated pelt tag to the carcass using wire or other similar attachment device and passing it through the animal’s mouth to eye opening, just beneath the skin.
- You must notify the DNR **within 24 hours** of the harvest by visiting [gamereg.wi.gov](http://gamereg.wi.gov) or by calling 844-GAME-REG (844-426-3734) **AND** you must exhibit your bobcat to an authorized DNR representative (usually a conservation warden) for registration and tagging **no later than seven days after the month of harvest**. The bobcat pelt must be separated from the carcass and both parts must be presented at the time of registration and tagging.
- The registration tag shall remain attached to the pelt until removed by a fur dresser or taxidermist at time of preparation.
- You may **not** possess bobcat pelts *longer than seven days after the month of harvest* without registering the pelt with an authorized DNR representative.
- No person may transfer, give, trade, sell or purchase any bobcat pelt unless it bears a DNR carcass tag and registration tag attached by an authorized DNR representative.
- The bobcat carcass will be retained by the DNR for research purposes. Carcasses are used for determining population trends which aid in establishing harvest quotas. Hunters and trappers may keep meat from bobcat carcasses as long as the skull and body cavity, including all internal organs remain intact. See [2019 Trapping Regulations](#) for more information.

## Bobcat Registration

You must skin your bobcat and separate the pelt from the carcass before registering the pelt at a designated DNR registration station. The only exception is for specimens going to a taxidermist. You must retrieve the carcass from the taxidermist and deliver it to the DNR within 30 days of registration. (Note: These animals must be registered prior to taxidermy.) Bobcats do not need to be registered in the zone of harvest, but they must be registered by an authorized DNR representative. Fur tagging is by appointment only, unless stated otherwise. Contact your local conservation warden to have your bobcat registered. Visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) and search keyword “trap” or call 888-936-7463 for conservation warden contact information. A map of game management units can also be found on the webpage.

**Carcass Collection for 2019–20:** The DNR will collect bobcat carcasses statewide. The DNR retains the carcasses for important species management and research purposes. Harvesters may take meat from the bobcat carcass as long as the skull and body cavity including all internal organs remain intact.

*Note: Either period may close before the listed date if the harvest quota for that zone is reached early. For zone status, please visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) and search keyword “trap.”*



## Game Bird Hunting Seasons and Regulations

In addition to the general small game hunting regulations listed on pages 4–9, the following are regulations specific to game birds:

### Small Game Limits and Season Dates\*

Species	Daily Bag	Area	2019 (except as noted)	
			Opens	Closes
Pheasants	See below**	Statewide	Oct. 19 (9 AM)	Jan. 5, 2020
Bobwhite Quail	5	Statewide	Oct. 19 (9 AM)	Dec. 11
Ruffed Grouse	5	Zone A	Sept. 14	Jan. 31, 2020
	2	Zone B	Oct. 19	Dec. 8
Gray (Hungarian) Partridge	3	Statewide <sup>▲</sup>	Oct. 19 (9 AM)	Jan. 5, 2020
Sharp-tailed Grouse	Permit availability is currently under review. Visit <a href="http://dnr.wi.gov">dnr.wi.gov</a> for updates.			
Crows	15	Statewide	Sept. 14	Nov. 21
			Jan. 26, 2020	Mar. 20, 2020

(\*Note: Turkey season dates and hunting regulations are published on pages 16–19.)

(\*\*Note: Pheasant: One rooster daily on Oct. 19–20; two roosters daily for the remainder of season.)

(<sup>▲</sup> Note: Gray [Hungarian] partridge season **CLOSED** in Clark, Marathon and Taylor Counties.)

### Possession and Sale

**Possession Limits:** Three times the daily bag limit for that species.

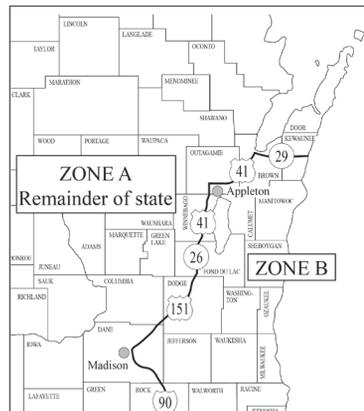
**It is illegal to:**

- Sell, purchase or trade any game bird or wild turkeys or the parts of game birds or wild turkeys **except that** the naturally shed feathers of game birds or wild turkey—or feathers from lawfully taken game birds or wild turkey—may be sold, purchased or bartered or offered for sale, purchase or barter.
- Completely dress any game bird while in the field or during transportation from the field. The head or one fully feathered wing must remain attached to the dressed carcass while in the field or during transportation from the field.

### Licenses/Stamps/Permits

- A small game hunting license is required. See pages 20 and 24–27 for exceptions for qualified individuals and landowners;
- Pheasant: a **Pheasant Stamp is required statewide regardless of age (see exemption on pages 24 and 27);**

### Ruffed Grouse Hunting Zones



- Ruffed grouse, quail, partridge and crow: no other special stamps or permits are required;
- Sharp-tailed grouse:\* Hunters must apply for a permit for specified areas. No stamp is required. It is illegal to possess more than one copy of a sharp-tailed grouse permit while afield.

(\*Note: 2019 season permit availability is currently under review. Visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) for updates.)

- HIP certification is **not** required for hunting the game birds listed in the table on p. 12. However, hunters who may want to harvest migratory game birds as part of a mixed bag—for instance, a grouse hunter who has the chance to harvest woodcock—must be HIP certified.



### Special Pheasant Hunting Regulations

**Shooting hours begin at 9 a.m. on the first day of pheasant season. 2:00 P.M. Pheasant Hunting Closure Areas**

The boundaries of the following properties are posted with signs indicating that pheasant hours close at 2:00 P.M. on weekdays between Oct. 21–Nov. 3.

**For more information refer to [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), search “pheasant”.**

Allenton Wildlife Area (W.A.) (Washington County)	Mazomanie Unit of the Lower Wisconsin State Riverway (Dane)
Brooklyn W.A. (Dane and Green)	Mud Lake W.A. (Dodge)
C.D. “Buzz” Besadny Fish and W.A. (Kewaunee)	Mud Lake W.A. (Columbia)
Dunnville W.A. (Dunn)	New Munster W.A. (Kenosha)
Eldorado Marsh W.A. (Fond Du Lac)	Nichols Creek W.A. (Sheboygan)
Goose Lake W.A. (Dane)	Richard Bong State Recreation Area (Kenosha)*
Grand River W.A. (Green Lake and Marquette)	Pine Island W.A. (Columbia and Sauk)
Holland W.A. (Brown)	Theresa W.A. (Dodge and Washington)
Horicon W.A. (Dodge)	Tichigan W.A. (Racine)
Jackson Marsh W.A. (Washington)	Vernon W.A. (Waukesha)
Killsnake W.A. (Calumet and Manitowoc)	White River W.A. (Green Lake and Marquette)

(\*Note: After Oct. 19, the daily closing of shooting hours for all species at Richard Bong State Recreation Area is 2 P.M. **except** that normal shooting hours apply while hunting waterfowl south of Hwy 142 or while archery deer hunting.)

**Hen and Rooster Hunting Areas and Regulations** (applicable on Hen and Rooster Areas only)

For more information, refer to the pheasant hunting page at [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov).

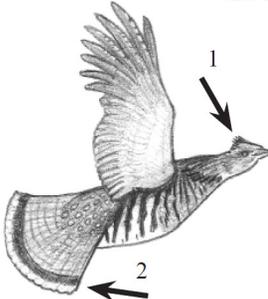
Avoca Unit of the Lower Wisc. State Riverway (Iowa county)	Kettle Moraine State Forest Southern Unit/ Scuppermong (Waukesha)
Boscobel Unit of the Lower Wisc. State Riverway (Grant)	Kickapoo Valley Reserve (Vernon)
C.D. “Buzz” Besadny Fish and W. A. (Kewaunee)	Richard Bong State Recreation Area (search “Richard Bong” at <a href="http://dnr.wi.gov">dnr.wi.gov</a> for additional regulations.)
Tom Lawin W.A. (Chippewa)	Sand Creek Fishery Area (Monroe)
Vernon W.A. (Waukesha)	

1. During transportation from the field, the head or one fully feathered wing must remain attached to any pheasant carcass that was dressed out in the field.
2. The daily bag limit on Hen/Rooster Hunting Areas is one pheasant daily on Oct. 19 and 20; two pheasants daily from Oct. 21 through the close of the season. Possession limit is three times the daily bag limit.

## Attention Grouse Hunters

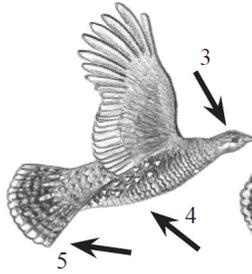
When in coniferous forest (especially jack pine or near spruce bogs) in the northern two tiers of counties, be aware of the presence of spruce grouse—they are state threatened and no harvest is permitted. Spruce grouse lack the crest and thick black tail bands of ruffed grouse, and are more likely to allow close approach than ruffed grouse. To learn more, see the Grouse Identification Guide below or go to [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keyword “[ruffed grouse](#).”

## Grouse Identification Guide



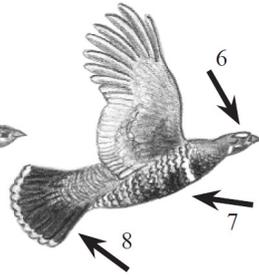
**Ruffed Grouse**

1. Crest
2. Broad black band



**Spruce Grouse - Female**

3. No crest
4. Horizontal barring
5. No broad black band



**Spruce Grouse - Male**

6. Red eye comb and no crest
7. Black and white breast
8. Black with rust-colored tip

## What is FFLIGHT?

The **Fields & Forest Lands Interactive Gamebird Hunting Tool** (or FFLIGHT) is an online mapping application designed to help upland game bird hunters locate cover suitable for ruffed grouse and woodcock, managed dove fields and properties stocked with game farm pheasants. For more information, visit [dnr.wi.gov/topic/lands/fflight.html](http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/lands/fflight.html), search keyword “[fflight](#)” at [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) or contact the Assistant Upland Ecologist at (608) 261-8458.



## Finding Land Open to Hunting

Wisconsin has an abundance of land open to hunting, including state-managed wildlife, fisheries, and natural areas, forests, and private land enrolled in the Managed Forest Law (MFL), Forest Crop Law (FCL), Voluntary Public Access (VPA) or Wisconsin Damage Abatement and Claims (WDACP) programs. Combined, hunters have access to nearly seven million acres of land throughout Wisconsin. If you are looking for a place to hunt, please visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keywords “[state lands](#)” or “[public access to tax law land](#).”



## Wisconsin Conservation Congress

*Attend the Spring Hearings and get involved!*

The Wisconsin Conservation Congress is the only statutory body in the state where citizens elect delegates to advise the Natural Resources Board and the Department of Natural Resources on how to responsibly manage Wisconsin’s natural resources for present and future generations. The Congress accomplishes this through open, impartial, broad-ranged actions. For more information on the Wisconsin Conservation Congress, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keywords “[conservation congress](#).”



## Migratory Game Bird Hunting Seasons and Regulations

**Does not include waterfowl.\***

In addition to the general small game hunting regulations listed on pages 4–9, the following are regulations specific to migratory game birds.

Species	Daily Bag	Area	2019	
			Opens	Closes
Mourning Dove	15	Statewide	Sept. 1	Nov. 29
Woodcock	3	Statewide	Sept. 21	Nov. 4
Snipe	8	Statewide	Concurrent with duck season <sup>▲</sup>	
Sora & Virginia Rails	25	Statewide	Concurrent with duck season <sup>▲</sup>	

(\*Waterfowl regulations are printed in a separate publication available in summer 2019.)

(<sup>▲</sup> Duck seasons are determined in spring 2019. Visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keyword “[hunting regulations](#)” for dates.)

**Possession Limits:** Three times the daily bag limit for that species.

**Possession and Sale:** *It is illegal to* sell, purchase or trade any wild migratory game bird or the parts of any wild migratory game bird.

**Transportation:** Birds may be field dressed, but the head or one fully feathered wing must remain attached while in the field and while being transported (1) from the field to the person’s permanent residence and (2) between a hunting cabin, camp, motel or other temporary residence to the person’s permanent residence.

**Licenses/Permits:** A small game hunting license is required (state or federal waterfowl stamps are not required) to hunt the species in the table above. See pages 26–27 for details and exceptions for qualified individuals.

**HIP Certification:** Hunters must be enrolled in the Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program (HIP). See page 3 of this pamphlet or visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keywords “[harvest information program](#).”

**Weapons and Ammunition:** Only shotguns that are chambered for 10 gauge or smaller shotshells and are capable of holding three shells or fewer are legal for hunting migratory game birds. Shotguns capable of holding more than three shells (magazine and chamber combined) must be plugged with a one-piece filler that limits the capacity of the gun to three shells. The filler must be such that it cannot be removed without disassembling the gun. Hunters are **required** to use non-toxic shot while hunting snipe and rail, and while hunting mourning dove on DNR-managed land. Hunters are encouraged to use non-toxic shot for mourning dove on private lands as well as for hunting woodcock. It is not legal to possess shotshells larger than size 10 gauge while hunting migratory game birds. See additional handgun restrictions on page 5.

**Shooting Hours** end at sunset each day. You must subtract 20 minutes from the PM hours each day in the tables listed on pages 31–32 or refer to the hours printed in the [2019 Migratory Bird Regulations](#).

### Attention Dove Hunters

**Dove Hunting Safety!** Hunters need to be absolutely aware of their target and beyond, especially when hunting on public grounds where other hunters may be wearing camouflaged clothing. Avoid shooting horizontally at low-flying birds or at birds on the ground. When in doubt, limit shooting to birds flying overhead.

**Look for Dove Bands:** Doves are banded to help with population monitoring and harvest management. Please look for a small silver band on one leg of harvested doves and follow reporting instructions on the band.

**For more information** on doves and DNR dove hunting fields, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keyword “[dove](#).”

### Interference with Hunting

No person may interfere with lawful hunting with the intent to prevent the taking of a wild animal: harassing wild animals, impeding lawful hunters or disturbing lawfully placed blinds, among other actions, may constitute unlawful interference.



## Small Game Mammal Hunting Seasons and Regulations

In addition to the general small game hunting regulations listed on pages 4-9, the following are regulations specific to small game mammals:

Species	Daily Bag	Area	2019 (except as noted)	
			Opens	Closes
Squirrels—Gray & Fox	5	Statewide	Sept. 14	Jan. 31, 2020
Snowshoe Hare	Unlimited	Statewide	Year-round open season	
Cottontail Rabbit	3	North Zone (north of Hwy 10 to Waupaca and north of Hwy 54 to Algoma)	Sept. 14	Feb. 29, 2020
	3	South Zone (south of Hwy 10 to Waupaca and south of Hwy 54 to Algoma)	Oct. 19 (9 AM)	Feb. 29, 2020

- **Possession Limits:** Three times the daily bag limit.
- **Possession and Sale:** The tails, skins and skulls of lawfully-taken squirrels may be bought and sold if severed from the rest of the carcass. Carcasses and skins of rabbits and hares can be sold, but only during their open season (see table above).
- **Licenses/Stamps/Permits:** A small game hunting license is required. See pages 20 and 24–27 for details and exemptions for qualified individuals and landowners.

## Fall and Spring Wild Turkey Seasons and Regulations



### Turkey Hunting Seasons

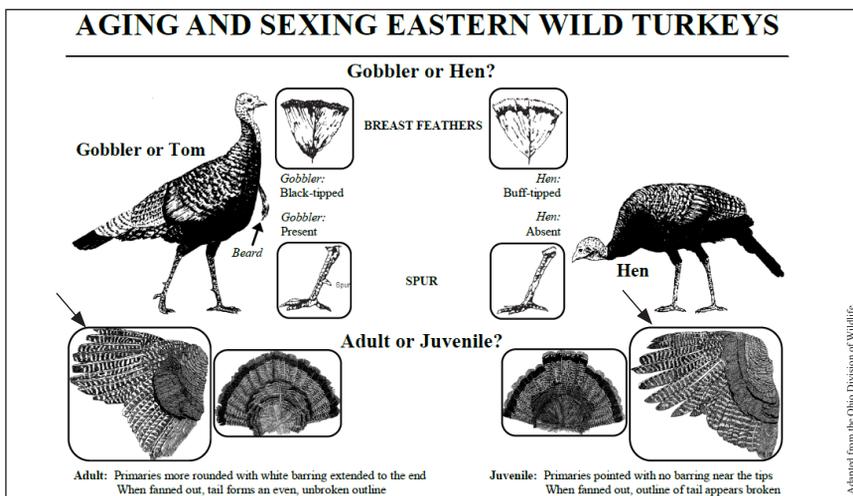
In addition to the general small game and hunting regulations listed on pages 4–9, the following regulations are specific to the fall and spring wild turkey seasons.

Season	Bag Limit	Area	Opens	Closes
Fall 2019	One turkey of any age or sex* per harvest authorization. Hunters with more than one harvest authorization may harvest more than one turkey on the same day. <i>You may only hunt in the zone specified on your turkey harvest authorization. See map on page 18.</i>	Zones 1–5	Sept. 14	Jan. 5, 2020
		Zones 6 & 7	Sept. 14	Nov. 22
Spring 2020	One bearded or male turkey* per harvest authorization. Applicants with more than one harvest authorization may only harvest more than one turkey on the same day if the authorizations are for the same time period. <i>You may only hunt in the zone and time period specified on your turkey harvest authorization. See map on page 18.</i>	Period A	Apr. 15	Apr. 21
		Period B	Apr. 22	Apr. 28
		Period C	Apr. 29	May 5
		Period D	May 6	May 12
		Period E	May 13	May 19
Spring 2020 Youth Hunt	One bearded or male turkey* only during this two-day hunt	Youth hunters are limited to the turkey management zone for which their harvest authorization was issued.	Apr. 11	Apr. 12

(\*Note: Turkeys with white plumage may be harvested. A bearded turkey is a turkey with a bristle-like appendage protruding from the upper part of the breast.)

Preliminary harvest authorization levels will be available prior to the spring application deadline. Final harvest authorization levels will be posted prior to the opening of each season. For the latest numbers, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) keyword "[turkey](#)."

## AGING AND SEXING EASTERN WILD TURKEYS



### Shooting Hours

See pages 30–32 for hunting area map and shooting hour charts;

- **Spring Turkey:** Shooting hours begin ½ hour before sunrise and end at sunset.
- **Fall Turkey:** Shooting hours begin ½ hour before sunrise and end 20 minutes after sunset.

### Weapons and Ammunition

See pages 4–6 for regulations.

### Licenses/Stamps/Harvest Authorizations

Hunters must possess a turkey license, turkey stamp and turkey harvest authorization valid for a specific zone and season. Proof of these items must be carried while hunting and presented to a conservation warden if requested. For spring turkey harvest authorizations awarded to applicants via preference drawing, successful applicants will be notified by postcard. **Please note: authorizations will not be mailed.** Instead, successful applicants will be issued their harvest authorization at the time they purchase their turkey license and stamp or conservation license. Senior Citizen Recreation Card holders awarded a turkey harvest authorization must present their card to a license agent to obtain their free turkey harvest authorization.

### Validation and Tagging

Validation and tagging are no longer required. However, hunters must continue to carry proof of the appropriate turkey harvest authorization while afield. Acceptable forms of proof of a turkey harvest authorization include an original paper copy, a hard copy (paper) reprint of the original, a Go Wild-authenticated Wisconsin driver's license, a Conservation Card or a digital PDF file issued by the department and displayed on an electronic device. Hunters will still need the authorization number to register their harvests.

### Registration

All harvested turkeys must be registered either online ([gamereg.wi.gov](http://gamereg.wi.gov)) or by phone at 844-426-3734 (844-GAME-REG) by 5 p.m. on the day after recovery. Hunters will need to use their authorization number to register a turkey. No in-person registration stations are available. Hunters will be given a harvest registration confirmation number for their records when registration is complete.

### Possession and Sale

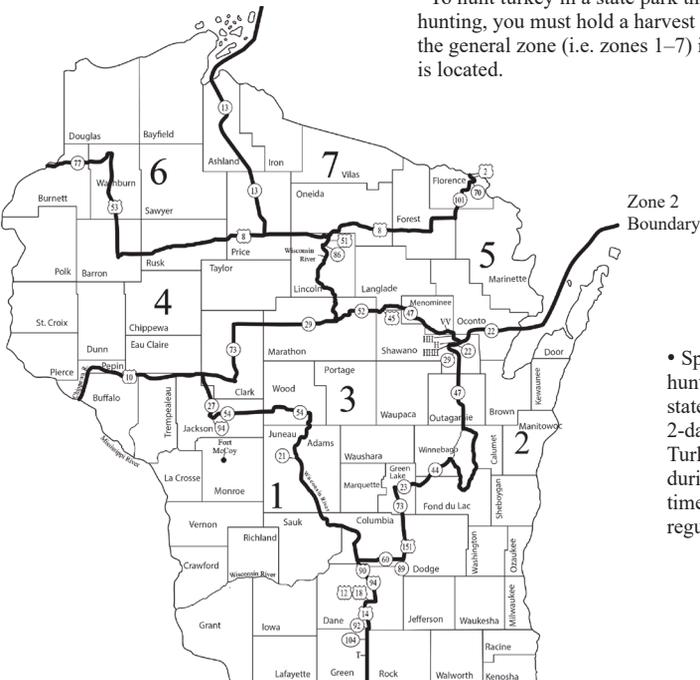
#### It is illegal to:

- Sell, purchase or trade any game bird, or wild turkeys, or the parts of game birds, or wild turkeys **except that** the naturally shed feathers of game birds or wild turkey—or feathers from lawfully taken game birds or wild turkey— may be sold, purchased or bartered or offered for sale, purchase or barter.

- **Spring Harvest Authorization Drawing System:** Turkey harvest authorizations are distributed by a drawing using a cumulative preference system that determines when applications go into the drawing. Preference is as follows\*:
  - 1) Resident landowners with 50 or more contiguous acres (landowner preference is kept at 30% of available harvest authorizations for any available zone and time period);
  - 2) Residents with one or more preference points for the same season;
  - 3) All other residents;
  - 4) Non-resident landowners;
  - 5) Other non-resident applicants.
 (\*Note: If members of a group turkey hunting application have different preference status, the **lowest preference** will be used for all members of the group. For more information on group applications, go to [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keywords “[turkey questions](#).”)
- **Fall Turkey Harvest Authorization Issuance:** In place of a fall turkey harvest authorization drawing, one turkey harvest authorization valid during the fall turkey season is issued with each fall turkey or Conservation Patron license. The buyer must specify a turkey management zone for this harvest authorization at the time of purchase.
- **Deadline:** The application deadline is **Dec. 10** for the 2020 spring hunting season. A \$3.00 application fee is required of all applicants except Conservation Patron license holders. Turkey applications can be obtained and submitted online at [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) or in person at any license agent.
- **Bonus Fall or Spring Turkey Harvest Authorizations:** Spring harvest authorizations that are not awarded through the drawing, as well as bonus fall harvest authorizations, will be sold at license sales locations and at [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov). Residents and non-residents can purchase these harvest authorizations at a rate of one authorization, per person, per day; doing so will not affect your preference status for future turkey harvest authorization drawings. For more information, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keyword “[turkey](#).”
- **Transfer of Turkey Harvest Authorization:** A turkey harvest authorization awarded through the drawing process may only be transferred to a person age 17 and under or a person possessing a valid Class A, B, C or D disabled hunting permit by submitting form 9400-607 to the DNR at least 15 days prior to the start of the turkey season. Preference points or approvals can be transferred to a minor from a deceased customer using form 9400-592. Youth and disabled permit holders may be transferred each of these only ONE time. Bonus harvest authorizations cannot be transferred.

### Wild Turkey Management Zones

- To hunt turkey in a state park that is open to hunting, you must hold a harvest authorization for the general zone (i.e. zones 1–7) in which the park is located.



- Spring turkey hunting is allowed in state parks during the 2-day Spring Youth Turkey Hunt and during the first two time periods of the regular season.

## Fort McCoy

- Fort McCoy Military Reservation conducts its own turkey hunts, independent of the DNR's seasons. Anyone interested in hunting on Fort McCoy must have the appropriate Fort McCoy permit/harvest authorization and State of Wisconsin license and stamp(s). Fort McCoy approvals are available only through Fort McCoy's iSportsman application at <https://fmmcocoysportsman.net>.
- You may not apply for a Ft. McCoy spring turkey harvest authorization if you receive an approval to hunt turkeys through the DNR's drawing for the 2020 spring season. However, if you are issued a Ft. McCoy spring turkey harvest authorization, it does not prevent you from being able to purchase a bonus harvest authorization from the DNR.
- Hunters must register game harvested on Ft. McCoy through iSportsman.

## Assisting Other Hunters

- During the spring turkey seasons, you must possess a turkey hunting license, stamp and valid, unused harvest authorization if you possess a firearm, bow or crossbow and:
  - 1) You possess a turkey decoy or calling device while afield; **or**
  - 2) A member of your hunting party possesses a turkey decoy or calling device while afield.
- No license is required to call turkeys for another hunter if the caller does not possess a firearm, bow or crossbow. However, a guide license is required if a fee is charged.

## Special Turkey Hunts for Disabled Hunters

Hunters with a Class A or C permit, or a Class B permit issued for more than one year and which authorizes hunting from a stationary vehicle, are eligible to participate in a special disabled spring turkey hunt on private land. Interested hunters are required to obtain permission from a landowner willing to sponsor a hunt and meet all application requirements. **Note:** A hunter who applies for a disabled turkey hunt on private lands may not apply for a harvest authorization through the regular spring turkey drawing. For information or special hunt applications (Forms 2300-271 and 2300-271A), please visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) and search "disabled turkey hunter" or contact the DNR Call Center at 888-936-7463 or the Assistant Upland Wildlife Ecologist at 608-261-8458.

## Learn to Hunt Turkey

Hunters interested in learning more about turkey hunting are encouraged to participate in one of the "Learn to Hunt Turkey" events, held statewide just prior to the opening of the spring turkey season. To learn more, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keyword "LTH."

## Youth Turkey Hunt Rules and Regulations: April 11 and 12, 2020

- Open to residents and non-residents who are 15 years of age and younger and possess a spring turkey license, stamp and valid harvest authorization for spring 2020. Youth ages 11 and under and youth without hunter education must hunt under the Hunting Mentorship Program. See page 24.
- Harvest authorizations issued for any spring 2020 turkey hunting time period may be used during the youth hunt. Youth hunters may only hunt in the zone specified on their turkey harvest authorization. Please note state parks are now considered part of the turkey management zone in which they are located. Youth hunters may harvest only one male or bearded turkey during the youth hunt. Additional harvest authorizations that the youth possesses must be used during the time period for which they were issued.
- A youth who does not harvest a turkey during the youth hunt may use his/her unfilled harvest authorization during the time period and in the zone for which it was issued.
- Youth hunters must be **accompanied** by an adult 18 years of age or older during the two-day youth hunt:
- Hunters who **do not possess a hunter education certificate or are 11 years of age and younger:**
  - "Accompany" means the adult must be within arm's reach at all times during the hunt. Adult mentors must possess a Wisconsin hunting license valid in the current year for **any** type of game. If the mentor was born on or after Jan. 1, 1973 they must be a graduate of a hunter education course or have completed basic training with the U.S. Armed Forces. The mentor may not harvest a turkey during the youth hunt and may not possess a weapon while in possession of turkey calls or decoys. Mentors may only mentor one youth aged 11 or younger, or who has not completed hunter education, at a time.\*
  - (\***Note:** Some exemptions to license requirements apply if mentoring on a licensed bird hunting preserve or land the mentor owns or occupies; contact DNR for details.)
- Hunters **12–15 years of age** who possess a hunter education certificate:
  - "Accompany" means the adult is within both visual and voice contact of the youth. The adult does not have to be a licensed hunter or a hunter education graduate, and can accompany up to two youth at one time.

## PRIVATE LANDS AND LANDOWNER INFORMATION

### License Requirements

A landowner is required to have a license to hunt deer, bear, turkey, game birds, migratory game birds and bobcat, or to trap otter, muskrat, mink, bobcat or fishers. The owner or occupant of any land and members of their family\* may, *without a license* and subject to all other restrictions except seasons, hunt or trap on their own property for beaver, fox, coyote, raccoon, woodchuck, rabbit and squirrel year-round, and unprotected species causing damage or a nuisance, and may sell the skins of these species.▲

(\***Note:** Family members who **do not** live with the owner or occupant of the land may also hunt or trap certain species without a license on this land only if they are siblings and/or children of the owner or occupant and are under the age of 18.\*\*)

(\*\***Note:** Mentorship rules apply to youth ages 11 and under; see page 24 for more details.)

(▲**Note:** Grackles, red-winged blackbirds and cowbirds are protected species and may not be hunted for recreational purposes. They may be killed on private lands without a hunting license or federal permit **ONLY IF** they are causing damage or are about to cause damage to trees, crops, livestock, or wildlife, or if they are concentrated in large numbers that may constitute a health hazard or other nuisance. Crows may also be killed without a federal permit and outside the normal crow season in these situations. Non-toxic shot is required when shooting crows outside the normal season and when shooting grackles, red-winged blackbirds and cowbirds which are causing damage or a nuisance.)

### Liability

Under sec. 895.52 of the Wisconsin Statutes, landowners are generally immune from liability for injuries received by individuals recreating on their lands. This law provides landowners with liability protection for injury or death of individuals participating in outdoor recreational activities such as fishing, hunting, trapping, hiking, camping, boating and berry picking on their land. This immunity does not apply when the landowner receives more than \$2,000 a year in income from the recreational activity or when the landowner acted maliciously with an intent to harm the recreator. There is also an exception for social guests invited specifically for an occasion on residential or platted property or property within 300 feet of a commercial building or structure. Courts have consistently interpreted this statute to protect landowners and encourage them to allow others to recreate on their lands.

### Trespassing

Landowners suspecting that individuals are trespassing on their property should **contact their local sheriff or other local law enforcement**. Conservation wardens do not have the authority to investigate trespassing complaints. Any person convicted of trespassing is subject to a penalty of up to \$1,359. According to sec. 943.13 of the Wisconsin statutes, *it is illegal to:*

- Enter land of another without the express or implied consent of the owner or occupant of the land. This includes railroad tracks and their adjacent properties;
- Enter or remain on a property after having been notified by the owner or occupant not to enter or remain. Notification can be made personally (i.e., orally or in writing) by the owner or occupant or through posting the land.

**Remember:** Although hunters are required to make a reasonable effort to retrieve game they have killed or injured, hunters may not trespass to retrieve game, even if it was shot outside the posted area.

### Managed Forest Law and Forest Crop Law

This section refers to rules on private land enrolled in either the Managed Forest Law or Forest Crop Law programs. *It is illegal to:*

- Build or use a ground blind or any elevated device unless it does not damage the tree and is completely removed from the property each day at the close of shooting hours.
- Damage trees.  
(\***Note:** Cutting shooting lanes and use of screw-in tree-stands or steps are considered damaging and are illegal.)
- Operate any vehicle including, but not limited to, snowmobiles, all-terrain vehicles, bicycles and trail bikes except where their use is authorized by posted notice or permit.\*\*  
(\*\***Note:** This does not apply to owners of lands enrolled in either program or to those who have the landowner's authorization.)

## STATE-OWNED LANDS (INCLUDING STATE FORESTS)

This section refers to rules for all lands and property owned by or under control of the DNR, including lands under easement to or lease by the state of Wisconsin. State-owned lands **do not** include lands enrolled in Managed Forest Law or Forest Crop Law programs. See previous page for rules regarding those properties.

### Trail Cameras, Ground Blinds and Elevated Devices

The placement and unattended, overnight use of trail cameras is authorized on department lands only under the **following conditions**:

- 1) Placement only occurs in areas where hunting is allowed and outside of designated special use zones (such as designated hiking trails, beaches or buildings);
- 2) Trail cameras bear the name and address or department-issued customer identification number of the owner or operator permanently attached or engraved to the outside of the camera so that it is clearly visible without the need to move or adjust the camera;
- 3) Cameras may not cause damage to natural vegetation or other department property;
- 4) Placement of trail cameras on department-managed lands is done at your own risk. The department is not responsible for theft or damage of trail cameras on department-managed lands.

#### *It is illegal to:*

- Hunt or possess a firearm or bow in a wildlife refuge, or possess a firearm, air gun, slingshot or bow in a state park,\* state fish hatchery or within 100 yards of a state campground, picnic area or within the exterior boundaries of a state recreational trail (except as posted open to hunting) unless it is unloaded and enclosed within a carrying case. A bow/crossbow must be unstrung or enclosed within a carrying case.
  - (\*Note: This section does not prohibit a person authorized to possess a concealed weapon from possessing a loaded, uncased handgun on these properties, or a hunter from possessing or discharging a firearm, airgun, bow or crossbow in areas of state parks that are open to hunting during those portions of the year when hunting is open in that state park.)
- Pursue, drive or chase animals on lands that are closed to hunting;
- Use a ground blind during any open season or special hunt for deer with firearms unless a **minimum of 144 square inches** of solid blaze orange or fluorescent pink material is **visible from all directions**\*\*
  - (\*\*Note: Blinds used for waterfowl hunting are exempt from this rule.)
- Build or use a ground blind or any elevated device **unless** it does not damage the tree.
  - Leave a tree stand or ground blind on state-owned land overnight. However, overnight placement is allowed during certain times of year under the following requirements:
    - North of Highway 64**, no more than two ground blinds/elevated devices per hunter per county may be left overnight on DNR-managed lands from Sept. 1 - Jan. 31, 2020. All ground blinds and elevated devices must be removed no later than Jan. 31, 2020<sup>▼</sup>, except that on any land that is part of the state park system, portable blinds/elevated devices may remain placed **only** throughout the timeframe beginning seven days prior to, and ending seven days after, an established fall hunting period. See [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), search “[hunting regulations](#)” for updates.
    - South of Highway 64**, any ground blind or elevated device must be completely removed from the property each day at the close of shooting hours.<sup>▲</sup>
      - (▲Note: Blinds used for waterfowl hunting do not need to be removed daily. See waterfowl regulations for details.)
- Leave a tree stand or ground blind unoccupied during legal shooting hours unless the owner’s customer ID number or name and address have been attached in a manner that is visible and legible to a person on the ground;<sup>▼</sup>
  - (▼Note: Ground blinds constructed entirely of dead vegetation found on the property do not need to be removed at the end of each day, do not need to display blaze orange and do not need to have name and address displayed.)
- Damage trees. Cutting shooting lanes and use of screw-in tree-stands or steps are considered damaging and are illegal;

### ATTENTION PUBLIC LANDS HUNTERS

Please note that public lands are also used by non-hunting recreationists such as hikers, dog walkers, and bird watchers. These users may not be dressed in blaze orange or pink. Please respect all public lands users and “share the land”.

- Possess any loaded or uncased firearm or air gun while within the exterior boundary of state-owned lands posted with department signs in Dane, Dodge, Fond du Lac, Jefferson, Juneau, Kenosha, La Crosse, Manitowoc, Milwaukee, Outagamie, Ozaukee, Racine, Sauk, Sheboygan, Walworth, Washington, Waukesha and Winnebago counties or on state forests, state recreation areas, state natural areas or on state trails established on railroad grades, except as follows:

1. While engaged in hunting in accordance with the open seasons listed on pages 10–19.
2. While shooting at an established target range (this is the only target shooting permitted on these state lands).
3. While training or trialing dogs under department license within designated areas.\*

(\***Note:** This section does not prohibit possession of a loaded, uncased handgun by persons authorized to carry a concealed or openly exposed handgun in areas not posted against firearm possession.)

- Camp on any state lands except in designated campgrounds or on state-owned islands on the Mississippi and Lower Wisconsin State Riverway unless a special camp registration permit is obtained from the DNR prior to setting up camp;
- Allow dogs to run on DNR lands from April 15 through July 31 unless the dog is on a leash no longer than 8 feet. This rule does not apply to Class 1 field trial grounds, DNR lands open to dog training or after June 30 when training dogs to track bears, rabbits or raccoons on lands open to hunting. Also, there are exceptions for the training and trialing of dogs on raccoon and rabbits with a training license. See the *Wisconsin Dog Trialing Regulations* (PUB-WM-563), *Wisconsin Hound Dog and Dog Club Training Regulations* (PUB-WM-564) or *Wisconsin Bird Dog and Club Training Regulations* (PUB-WM-526) for more information, license requirements and restrictions;
- Operate any vehicle including, but not limited to, snowmobiles, bicycles, trail bikes, and all-terrain vehicles except where their use is authorized by posted notice or permit. This prohibition does not apply to public roadways and trails held open to the public for the type of vehicle being operated. *Bicycles are permitted in all areas of northern state forests and the Turtle-Flambeau and Willow Flowage Scenic Water Areas, except where posted against such use.*

## STATE PARK HUNTING

Hunting is allowed in most state parks, except that in some state parks, hunting is limited to bow and crossbow. Additionally, hunting is not allowed in the following areas: Copper Culture, Cross Plains, Governor Nelson, Heritage Hill and Lakeshore State Parks, Hank Aaron State Trail, Fischer Creek State Recreation Area, Havenwoods State Forest, Lapham Peak and Pike Lake units of Kettle Moraine State Forest, and most of Lost Dauphin State Park. A state park sticker or pass is required for all vehicles in any state park.

Hunting Method	Fall 2019	Spring 2020
Hunting with Firearms	Nov. 15–Dec. 15	Apr. 1–30, 2020
Hunting with Bow or Crossbow	Nov. 15–Jan. 5, 2020	Apr. 1–30, 2020

All legal hunting methods are allowed during any open season during the following dates:\*

(\***Note:** For more regulations specific to hunting opportunities in state parks not described above or for information on individual state parks, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keywords “[hunting state parks](#).”)

**Season Dates for Buckhorn State Park:** The archery/crossbow deer season at Buckhorn State Park will run from Sept. 15, 2019–Jan. 5, 2020.

(\***Note:** Spring turkey hunting at Buckhorn Wildlife Area is only allowed through April 30, 2020).

**Property Access:** Hunters may enter a state park or state trail property starting at 6 AM or one hour prior to the shooting hours for the species they will be pursuing (whichever is earlier) and remain on the property until 11 PM.

**Shooting Hours:** Normal shooting hours apply **except** for those species that are legal to hunt at night (i.e., raccoon, fox, coyote and unprotected species). On any state park or state trail property, shooting hours for species that do not have hour restrictions begin one hour before sunrise and run until 11 p.m., except when the 9-day November gun deer season is open, during which normal shooting hour restrictions apply to hunting for all species. See pages 31–32 for shooting hours.

**It is illegal to:**

- Discharge a firearm, gun, bow and arrow or crossbow from, on or across any state trail corridor or other state park area closed to hunting;
- Hunt outside of the shooting hours listed on pages 31–32, unless hunting a species that is legal to hunt at night;
- Hunt or remain on the state property past 11 PM daily;\*  
 (\*Note: Hunters who are staying in a designated campsite within a state park are not required to leave the property, but may not hunt or use other areas of the park after 11 p.m.)
- Hunt within 100 yards of designated use areas such as picnic areas, campgrounds, beaches and certain designated trails or any areas indicated as closed to hunting on that property’s hunting area map;
- Hunt with a firearm or airgun in any state property restricted to archery gear only;
- Hunt during the closed season for any species;
- If hunting with the use of dogs, they shall be kept on a leash no longer than 8 feet at all times except when being used for hunting in an area open to hunting.

For more information regarding regulations specific to state parks, including maps of areas open to hunting, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keywords “[hunting state parks](#).”

## TRIBAL LANDS

Special rules apply on tribal lands in Ashland, Bayfield, Forest, Iron, Menominee, Oneida, Sawyer and Vilas counties. For more information, contact the tribal chairpersons.

## FEDERAL LANDS

### Chequamegon-Nicolet National Forest Information

Additional information and regulations can be found at [www.fs.usda.gov/cnnf](http://www.fs.usda.gov/cnnf) or by contacting the headquarter offices listed below:

Headquarter Offices		
Location	Phone Number	TTY Number
Park Falls	715-762-2461	715-762-5701
Rhineland	715-362-1300	715-362-1383

(\*Note: Motorized access to these forest lands has changed. Contact the headquarter offices listed above for further details.)

### National Wildlife Refuge and Waterfowl Production Area Regulations

Portions of the National Wildlife Refuges (NWRs) and Waterfowl Production Areas (WPAs) are open to hunting and trapping in accordance with state and federal regulations. Federal regulations will vary. In order to avoid violating federal regulations, contact the office of the NWR or WPA you will be hunting to get regulations specific to that property.\*

(\*Note: Contact information can be found at [midwest.fws.gov](http://midwest.fws.gov).)

The following is a partial list of general NWR and WPA regulations. Be sure to check with the property manager for complete regulations specific to the property on which you will be hunting:

- Blaze orange on ground blinds is currently not required on federal lands, but it is recommended during gun deer seasons.

**It is illegal to:**

- Possess any firearm, bow or other weapons unless engaged in legal hunting;\*  
 (\*Note: Concealed weapons are illegal unless you are authorized by law to possess a concealed weapon in Wisconsin.)
- Possess lead shot;\*\*  
 (\*\*Note: Only non-toxic shot may be possessed for hunting game birds and animals, including wild turkey, on WPAs, Horicon NWR, Necedah NWR and Upper Mississippi River National Wildlife and Fish Refuges [UMRNWFR]. This rule does not apply to hunting small game mammals or deer with rifles and shotguns loaded with a single projectile [slugs].)

- Leave spent shells on the ground. Spent shells are considered litter on these properties and must be removed. The federal citation for littering is \$125.00;
- Build or use a ground blind or any elevated device, unless it does not damage the tree (i.e. no use of screws, nails, etc.) **and** is completely removed from the property each day at the close of shooting hours;
- Construct permanent blinds out of man-made material;▲  
(▲**Note:** Portable blinds constructed of man-made materials are allowed, but must be removed from the property each day at the close of shooting hours.)
- Possess alcoholic beverages while hunting.

## HUNTER EDUCATION AND HUNTING MENTORSHIP PROGRAMS

### Hunter Education Requirements

Persons born on or after January 1, 1973 must present their Wisconsin Hunter Education Certificate or proof of a hunter safety course recognized by the department from another state, province or country; or a Wisconsin hunting license from a previous year that has the hunter safety number printed on it; or proof of successful completion of basic training in the U.S. Armed Forces, reserves or national guard to purchase any hunting license. A certificate of successful completion of a Bow Hunter Education course can be used to purchase an archer or crossbow license.

- If a person has not completed hunter education, they may only obtain a license that requires hunting with a mentor in compliance with the Hunting Mentorship Program rules. See below for more information or visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) and search “[hunter safety](#).”
- A parent or guardian who is at least 18 years of age must accompany hunters who are ages 12 to 13 and who have completed Hunter Education. *Accompanied* means within sight **and** voice contact without the aid of any mechanical or electronic amplifying device other than a hearing aid. Persons under the age of 12 may not hunt unless participating in a DNR Learn to Hunt event or the Hunting Mentorship Program. Persons under age 18 may not possess firearms for non-hunting purposes unless accompanied by an adult, except that persons ages 14–17 who have completed Hunter Education can possess legal shotguns and rifles without being accompanied by an adult.

### First-time Hunter Education Graduates

Residents who are graduates of a Wisconsin Hunter Education course for the **first time** are entitled to the following:

- Certificates issued after Jan. 1, 2019 will serve as your small game license and are valid for hunting small game until Mar. 31, 2020. You must carry your Hunter Education Certificate with you while hunting if it is acting as your small game hunting authorization.
- Exemption from the requirement to purchase the pheasant and **state** waterfowl stamps while the certificate is valid for small game hunting\*.

(\***Note:** This does not exempt a person from the requirement to purchase goose permits, a **federal** waterfowl stamp if age 16 and over or from becoming HIP registered [see definition on page 3].)

### Hunter Mentorship Program

This program allows a person to hunt without the need to first take hunter education, provided the hunter and the mentor comply with the following rules.

#### Rules that apply to the hunter. The hunter must:

- possess the appropriate hunting license, permits, stamps and tags/harvest authorizations;
- hunt within arms-reach of their mentor regardless of the age of the hunter;
- comply with all other hunting laws, seasons and bag limits.

#### Rules that apply to the mentor. The mentor must:

- be at least 18 years old;
- be a hunter education graduate unless they were born before Jan. 1, 1973 or have completed basic training with the U.S. Armed Forces;
- be the hunter’s parent or guardian, or have the permission of the hunter’s parent or guardian before acting as a mentor for a person under 18;
- possess a current year’s Wisconsin hunting license. The type of hunting license does not matter unless

the mentor will also be attempting to harvest the same type of game;

**Note:** certain exemptions for the hunting license requirement apply if mentoring on a licensed bird or deer hunting preserve or on land the mentor owns or occupies.

- only serve as a mentor for one hunter at a time.

For more information on mentored hunting, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), keywords “[mentored hunting](#)” or call the DNR Call Center at 888-936-7463.

## OTHER HUNTING OPPORTUNITIES

### Disabled Hunters

Qualified disabled persons may obtain a permit to hunt from a stationary vehicle. Visually handicapped persons may be able to obtain a permit to use a laser sighting device while hunting with a firearm, bow or crossbow. An authorized health care provider must complete and sign the Hunting or Trolling Disability Permit Authorizations Application form 9400-604 [PDF]. To obtain a form, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) and search using the key words “disabled hunter permit” or contact the DNR Call Center at 888-936-7463 for further information. Allow six weeks for the permit application to be processed.

### Disabled Veteran Recreation Card

Resident disabled veterans who are receiving disability compensation benefits due to a disability rating of at least 50% or greater for a service-related disability or who are individually unemployable are eligible to receive the annual Disabled Veteran Recreation Card. Privileges include fishing, small game, state park admission and trail pass.

### Senior Citizen Recreation Card Holders

The Senior Citizen Recreation Card was once issued to persons born before 1927, but it is no longer offered. It continues to convey lifetime privileges, including small game, turkey and fishing licenses, to the holder as long as the holder possesses the card and remains a resident.

### Special Hunts

- A school board may decide to allow hunting for game in its **School Forest** consistent with the open and closed season for game on adjacent land.
- For hunting information on **Sauk Prairie Recreation Area (formerly Badger Army Ammunition Plant)**, send a self-addressed, stamped envelope to: Steve Schmelzer, Devils Lake State Park, S5975 Park Rd., Baraboo, WI 53913-9299; or, call 608-356-8301.
- See p. 19 for hunting information on **Fort McCoy Military Reservation**.

## LICENSE, STAMP AND PRIVILEGE INFORMATION

### DNR AND R3: NOW AND FOR THE FUTURE

The Department of Natural Resources has launched a new initiative putting substantial resources toward ensuring the next generation of hunters, anglers and trappers.

**What is R3?** R3 is the recruitment, retention, and reactivation (R3) of hunters and anglers following national and state planning guidelines and best practices.

**What can you do?** You can help ensure Wisconsin stays a leader in hunting and angling participation by inviting someone to go with you the next time you’re afield. Take a friend pheasant or squirrel hunting. Teach someone the skills you have. Share your knowledge; it’s a gift. If we all do just a small part by mentoring one new person, we’ll be able to ensure our future.

### WISCONSIN’S TURKEY DONATION PROGRAM

Hunt to help a family in need! Through Wisconsin’s new turkey donation program, hunters can donate wild turkey to participating meat processors for distribution to local food pantries. Go to [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) and search keywords “[turkey donation](#)” to learn more and find a participating processor. You can also make a financial donation to the turkey donation program at a license agent, or through your Go Wild account at [GoWild.WI.Gov](http://GoWild.WI.Gov).

## Applications for Permit/Harvest Authorization Programs

In addition to hunting or trapping licenses (and stamps, if applicable), hunters and trappers must have a permit or harvest authorization to pursue the following species:

Species	Application Deadline	Fee
Sharp-tailed Grouse*	Sharp-tailed grouse permit availability is currently under review. Visit <a href="http://dnr.wi.gov">dnr.wi.gov</a> for updates.	\$3
Bobcat	August 1	\$6
Otter (trapping only)	August 1	\$3
Fisher (trapping only)	August 1	\$3
2020 Spring Turkey	December 10	\$3
2020 Bear	December 10	\$4.50

**To obtain a permit or harvest authorization**, a customer must pay the required application fee (unless exempt) and submit their application choices prior to the application deadline.

**Preference Points:** Each applicant is awarded a preference point prior to the drawing. If an applicant is drawn for a permit or harvest authorization, his or her preference points will be reset to zero. Unsuccessful applicants will retain their preference points. Applicants with preference points who submit valid applications will have a better chance of being drawn for a permit or harvest authorization than if they had no preference points. Unsuccessful applicants will not be notified.\*Visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) to check for drawing results or for information on preference point status and transfers.

(\*Note: Customers may apply for a **preference point only** for bobcat, fisher or otter. Applicants who do not want to hunt or trap these furbearers in 2019, but would like a preference point, need to pay the application fee and submit their application choices by **Aug. 1, 2019** to be awarded a preference point.)

## Licensing and Stamp Requirements

- No person may hunt without first obtaining the appropriate license and tags or harvest authorizations.
- Hunters must carry on their person a valid hunting license and necessary stamps (or acceptable forms of proof as defined on page 27, “License Authorizations, Forms of Proof, Types and Fees”) while engaged in hunting and present them to a warden upon request.
- Hunters must meet hunter education requirements in order to obtain a license unless they hunt under the Hunting Mentorship Program rules (see page 24 for more details).
- It is illegal to allow someone else to use or carry your license or tag/harvest authorization, or for you to use or carry another person’s license or tag/harvest authorization when engaged in hunting.
- Reprints of licenses and stamps can be obtained free of charge by visiting a DNR Service Center or printing them yourself at [GoWild.Wi.Gov](http://GoWild.Wi.Gov). They can be obtained at license agents for a \$2 fee.
- First-time purchasers of a Wisconsin hunting license must provide their social security number or DNR customer ID number.

## Resident Licenses

### Residency Requirements to Purchase a Resident Hunting License

- A person must have maintained a permanent residence in Wisconsin for 30 consecutive days immediately before purchasing a license. Domiciliary intent is required. Evidence of domiciliary intent includes, but is not limited to, where the person votes, pays personal income taxes, or obtains a driver’s license. Mere presence in the state for a 30-day period or ownership of property is not sufficient to establish residency.\*

(\*Note: Non-residents age 17 and under who have a parent who is a Wisconsin resident may purchase licenses at resident rates.)

### Non-resident Students Attending School in Wisconsin

- Full-time students in residence at a public or private Wisconsin college or university and foreign citizens residing in the state and attending a Wisconsin high school or a university agricultural short course may purchase gun deer, archery, small game, fishing and sports licenses at resident prices.

## Effective Dates

- All hunting licenses are effective immediately after purchase and with the opening of the specific seasons except for the following:
  - Non-resident 5-day small game licenses which are valid beginning on the date specified on the license and for four consecutive days thereafter.
  - All 2019 hunting licenses expire on Mar. 31, 2020** with the exception of the non-resident 5-day small game license which expires on the date stated on the license.

### Armed Forces Members

Armed Forces members are entitled to the following:

- Exemption from hunter education requirements (see below);
- A U.S. Armed Forces member who exhibits proof that he or she is a Wisconsin resident in **active service** with the Armed Forces and **on furlough or leave** may receive a free Armed Forces small game and fishing license\* (available at any license agent);
  - (\***Note:** The state waterfowl, pheasant, Great Lakes and trout stamps are not required with this free combination license.)
- Any **non-resident active duty** U.S. Armed Forces, Reserves or Wisconsin National Guard member stationed in Wisconsin may purchase a hunting, trapping or fishing license at the resident fee;
- Any **non-resident active duty** U.S. Armed Forces or Reserves member **NOT stationed in Wisconsin** and who **was a Wisconsin resident** when they entered active service may purchase a hunting, trapping or fishing license at the resident fee;
- Any U.S. Armed Forces member who is unable to use his/her bobcat, otter, fisher, turkey or sharp-tailed grouse permit/harvest authorization due to active duty service may request to defer use of the permit/authorization. Contact the DNR Call Center at 888-936-7463 for more information.

## License Authorizations, Forms of Proof, Types And Fees

### Authorizations and Forms of Proof

DNR law enforcement staff will accept the following forms of proof of a particular hunting license, harvest authorization, or stamp: an original paper copy of a license, a hard copy (paper) reprint of the original, an authenticated Wisconsin driver’s license, a Conservation Card or a digital PDF file issued by the department and displayed on an electronic device. **For sharp-tailed grouse carcass tags, only an original hard copy or reprint will be accepted.** These can be printed at home, at a DNR service center or at a license agent. Reprints obtained from a license agent incur a \$2 processing fee.

Type of Authorization	Original Hard Copy	Reprint Hard Copy	Authenticated WI Drivers License.	Wisconsin Conservation Card	DNR-issued File Displayed on Electronic Device
Safety Certificates (Hunter Ed, Trapper Ed)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hunting/Trapping license; stamps; turkey harvest authorization	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sharp-tailed grouse unique carcass tags	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

### BONUS TURKEY HARVEST AUTHORIZATIONS

Did you know that turkey harvest authorizations remain available for purchase in some zones leading up to and even during turkey hunting seasons? Cost per bonus harvest authorization is \$10 for residents and \$15 for nonresidents; hunters must possess a valid turkey license and stamp. Limit one harvest authorization per person per day for purchase. Check availability at [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) keyword “[turkey harvest authorizations](#).” Purchase harvest authorizations at [gowild.wi.gov](http://gowild.wi.gov) or at license agents.

## License Type and Fees

License	Resident	Non-Resident	Privileges Included
Conservation Patron	\$165	\$600	Small game,* spring and fall turkey licenses and stamp, pheasant stamp, deer firearm, archery, trapping, fishing, state fishing and waterfowl stamps, most permit/authorization fees, DNR magazine subscription and vehicle admission to state parks and related areas (including state trail pass). <b>Non-resident license does not include hunting furbearing animals. Junior license does not include the DNR magazine or park sticker.</b>
Junior Conservation Patron (ages 12–17)	\$75	\$77	
Sports	\$60	\$275	General fishing, hunting with a firearm, bow or crossbow for deer during a firearm deer season, and small game* hunting with a firearm, airgun, bow or crossbow. <b>Non-resident license does not include hunting furbearing animals.</b> Bobcat requires a permit; see page 11.
Junior Sports (ages 12–17)	\$35	\$36	
Archer	\$24	\$160	Small game* and deer may be harvested with a bow. Bobcat requires an additional permit; see page 11. <b>Non-resident license does not include hunting furbearing animals.</b>
Junior Archer (ages 12 - 17)	\$20	N/A	
Crossbow	\$24	\$160	Small game* and deer may be harvested with a crossbow. Bobcat requires an additional permit; see page 11. <b>Non-resident license does not include hunting furbearing animals.</b> (Note: Archer licenses may be purchased for an additional \$3 if you have already purchased a crossbow license; crossbow licenses may be purchased for an additional \$3 if you already have an archer license.)
Junior Crossbow (ages 12 - 17)	\$20	N/A	
Small Game	\$18	\$85	Small game* and unprotected species may be harvested with a firearm, airgun, bow or crossbow. Bobcat requires an additional permit; see page 11. <b>Non-resident small game license does not include hunting furbearing animals.</b>
Junior Small Game (ages 12-17)	\$9	N/A	Small game* and unprotected species may be harvested with a firearm, airgun, bow or crossbow. Bobcat requires an additional permit; see page 11.
Senior Citizen Small Game (age 65 or Over)	\$9	N/A	Small game* and unprotected species may be harvested with a firearm, airgun, bow or crossbow. Bobcat requires an additional permit; see page 11.
5-Day Small Game	N/A	\$55	Small game* and unprotected species may be hunted with a firearm, airgun, bow or crossbow, during a specified period of five consecutive days. Bobcat requires an additional permit; see page 11. <b>Does not include furbearing animals.</b>
Non-Resident Furbearer Hunting**	N/A	\$160	Hunting skunk, raccoon, coyote, fox, weasel, woodchuck, opossum and bobcat with a firearm, airgun, bow or crossbow. Bobcat requires a permit; see page 11.
Mentored Hunting (under age 12)	\$7	\$7	A mentored hunting license option is available for the following licenses: small game, turkey, archer and crossbow.

\***Small Game** means all varieties of wild animals and birds (including unprotected species) for which there is an open season, but does not include waterfowl, deer, moose, elk, wolf, bear or wild turkey or endangered, threatened or protected species.

\*\***Non-residents** need to purchase the non-resident furbearer license to hunt furbearing animals.

License	Resident	Non-Resident	Privileges Included
2019 Fall Turkey	\$15	\$60	Hunting wild turkey with a firearm, bow or crossbow during the 2019 fall season. An additional \$5.25 turkey stamp fee will automatically be added at time of purchase unless the customer purchased a 2019 spring turkey license and stamp. A harvest authorization (formerly known as carcass tag) is included with this license.
2020 Spring Turkey	\$15	\$60	Hunting wild turkey with a firearm, bow or crossbow during the 2020 spring season. An additional \$5.25 turkey stamp fee will automatically be added at time of purchase.
Bonus Spring or Fall Turkey Harvest Authorizations	\$10	\$15	Spring turkey harvest authorizations not awarded through the drawing will be available online and at license agents. Additional fall turkey harvest authorizations beyond those issued to fall turkey or conservation patron license holders may also be available for sale. Visit <a href="http://dnr.wi.gov">dnr.wi.gov</a> , keyword 'turkey' for availability and sales dates.
Armed Forces Small Game and Fishing	FREE	N/A	General fishing and small game* hunting with a firearm, airgun, bow or crossbow (see page 27 for stamp exemptions and qualifications). Bobcat requires an additional permit; see page 11.
Disabled Veteran Recreation Card	\$7	N/A	General fishing and small game*with a firearm, airgun, bow or crossbow (see page 27 for details, vehicle admission to state parks and related areas (including state trail pass). Bobcat requires an additional permit; see pages 11.
State Waterfowl Stamp	\$7	\$7	Required for hunters age 16 and older for waterfowl hunting, in addition to the federal migratory bird stamp and a small game, archer, crossbow or sports license (see pages 24 and 27 for exemptions).
Pheasant Stamp	\$10	\$10	Required statewide to hunt pheasants in addition to a small game, archer, crossbow or sports license (see pages 24 and 27 for exemptions).
Wild Turkey Stamp	\$5.25	\$5.25	Required statewide to hunt turkeys in either the fall or spring season in addition to a fall or spring turkey license.

### License Sales and Applications

All license and stamp privileges are available at DNR Service Centers, license sales agents and at [GoWild.Wi.Gov](http://GoWild.Wi.Gov). Residents and non-residents can purchase their hunting licenses and submit their permit or harvest authorization applications online 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Licenses and carcass tags/harvest authorizations can be printed at home. When submitting permit applications purchased online or from a license agent, customers will receive an immediate printable confirmation that their data was received. Customers can change their application selections as often as they like through their Go Wild account right up to the deadline.

### Reduced Rates for Qualifying Hunters

Qualifying hunters can purchase certain hunting licenses and permits at reduced rates. For a complete list of licenses and their prices, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) and search "license price." Reduced rates are available to:

- Youth ages 11 and under;
- Hunters purchasing a qualifying license for the first time;
- Hunters who have not purchased a qualifying license in the preceding 10 years;
- Hunters who have recruited three first time-hunters, trappers or anglers in the previous license year; or
- Purple Heart recipients.

## Weapons Authorized by Hunting Licenses

- **Archer License:** Hunting small game during the small game season and deer during the archery deer seasons with a bow and arrow only.
- **Crossbow License:** Hunting small game during the small game season and deer during the crossbow season with a crossbow only.
- **Non-Resident Furbearing Animal Hunting License:** Hunting furbearing animals (listed on page 3) with a firearm, airgun, bow or crossbow.
- **Small Game License:** Small game hunting with legal firearms, airguns, bows and crossbows.
- **Turkey License:** Turkey hunting with legal firearms, bows and crossbows.

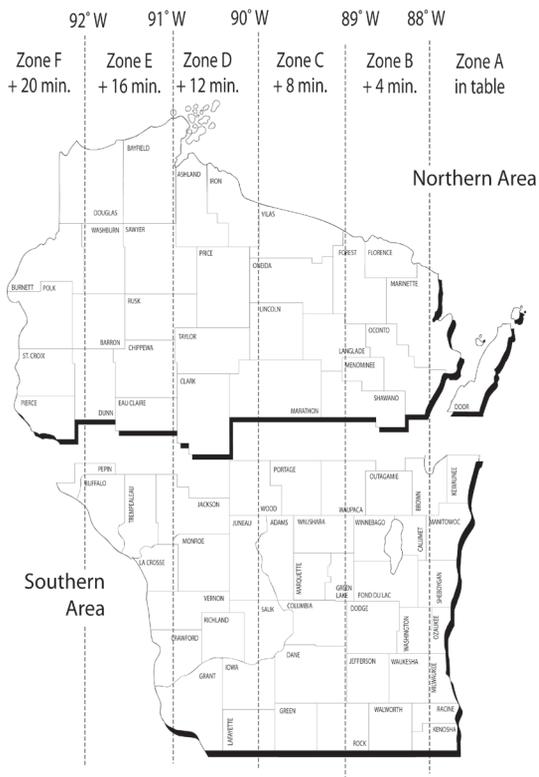
## SHOOTING HOURS

No person may shoot or shoot at any game before or after the shooting hours listed in the tables on pages 31–32 unless other hours are specified in the species-specific sections of this pamphlet (pages 10–17).

- Times listed in the shooting hours tables are 1/2 hour before sunrise to 20 minutes after sunset.
- **Calculating Shooting Hours:** Determine your location in either the Northern or Southern Area and add the minutes shown in the zone in which you are hunting to the opening and closing times listed in either the Northern or Southern Area Shooting Hours table.
- **Night Hunting:** Coyote, fox, raccoon and unprotected species may be hunted *without* shooting hour restrictions *except*:

1. If hunting with a bow or crossbow, the hours listed on pages 31–32 apply for hunting all species during the bear and bow deer seasons.
2. If hunting with a gun in the Forest or Central Farmland deer management zones, the hours listed on pages 31–32 apply for hunting all species during the regular 9-day November gun deer season.\*

(\*Note: Coyote, fox, raccoon and unprotected species may be hunted at night during the following deer seasons, but only in the Southern Farmland deer management zone: youth hunt, traditional 9-day November firearm, muzzleloader and 4-day antlerless-only.)



**You must subtract 20 minutes from the P.M. column on pages 31 and 32 to determine the daily closure for mourning dove, woodcock, rails and snipe, as well as for turkey during the spring season.**

The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources provides equal opportunity in its employment, programs, services, and functions under an Affirmative Action Plan. If you have any questions, please write to Chief, Public Civil Rights, Office of Civil Rights, U.S. Department of the Interior, 1849 C. Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20240. This publication is available in alternative format (large print, Braille, etc.) upon request. Please call 608-266-8204 for more information. Note: If you need technical assistance or more information, call the Accessibility Coordinator at 608-267-7490 / TTY Access via relay – 711.

## NORTHERN AREA SHOOTING HOURS 2019–2020: ZONE A

*Note: Spring turkey and migratory game bird hunters need to subtract 20 minutes from evening times.*

Day	September 2019		October 2019		November 2019		December 2019		January 2020		February 2020		March 2020		April 2020		May 2020		
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	
1	5:41	7:48	6:18	6:51	7:00	5:57	6:40	4:28	7:01	4:36	6:41	5:16	5:58	5:58	7:39	5:07	8:18	1	
2	5:42	7:47	6:19	6:49	7:01	5:56	6:41	4:27	7:01	4:37	6:40	5:17	5:56	5:59	7:40	5:06	8:19	2	
3	5:43	7:45	6:21	6:47	6:03	4:54	6:42	4:27	7:01	4:38	6:38	5:19	5:54	6:01	5:55	7:42	5:04	8:21	3
4	5:45	7:43	6:22	6:45	6:04	4:53	6:44	4:27	7:01	4:39	6:37	5:20	5:52	6:02	5:54	7:43	5:03	8:22	4
5	5:46	7:41	6:23	6:43	6:05	4:51	6:45	4:26	7:01	4:40	6:36	5:22	5:50	6:03	5:52	7:44	5:01	8:23	5
6	5:48	7:37	6:26	6:39	6:08	4:49	6:47	4:26	7:00	4:41	6:34	5:23	5:49	6:05	5:50	7:46	5:00	8:24	6
7	5:50	7:35	6:27	6:37	6:10	4:48	6:48	4:26	7:00	4:44	6:32	5:26	5:47	7:07	5:46	7:48	4:57	8:27	8
8	5:51	7:33	6:28	6:36	6:11	4:46	6:49	4:26	7:00	4:45	6:30	5:28	5:43	7:09	5:44	7:50	4:56	8:28	9
9	5:52	7:31	6:30	6:34	6:12	4:45	6:50	4:26	6:59	4:46	6:29	5:29	5:41	7:10	5:42	7:51	4:54	8:29	10
10	5:53	7:29	6:31	6:32	6:14	4:44	6:51	4:26	6:59	4:47	6:27	5:30	5:39	7:11	5:41	7:52	4:53	8:31	11
11	5:55	7:27	6:32	6:30	6:15	4:43	6:51	4:26	6:59	4:48	6:26	5:32	5:37	7:13	5:39	7:54	4:52	8:32	12
12	5:56	7:26	6:34	6:28	6:17	4:42	6:52	4:26	6:58	4:49	6:24	5:33	5:35	7:14	5:37	7:55	4:51	8:33	13
13	5:57	7:24	6:35	6:27	6:18	4:41	6:53	4:26	6:58	4:51	6:23	5:35	5:34	7:15	5:35	7:56	4:50	8:34	14
14	5:58	7:22	6:36	6:25	6:19	4:39	6:54	4:26	6:57	4:52	6:21	5:36	5:32	7:17	5:33	7:57	4:48	8:35	15
15	5:59	7:20	6:38	6:23	6:21	4:38	6:55	4:27	6:56	4:53	6:20	5:38	5:30	7:18	5:32	7:59	4:47	8:36	16
16	6:01	7:18	6:39	6:21	6:22	4:37	6:55	4:27	6:56	4:55	6:18	5:39	5:28	7:19	5:30	8:00	4:46	8:38	17
17	6:02	7:16	6:40	6:19	6:24	4:37	6:56	4:27	6:55	4:56	6:17	5:41	5:26	7:21	5:28	8:01	4:45	8:39	18
18	6:03	7:14	6:42	6:18	6:25	4:36	6:57	4:28	6:54	4:57	6:15	5:42	5:24	7:22	5:26	8:03	4:44	8:40	19
19	6:04	7:12	6:43	6:16	6:26	4:35	6:57	4:28	6:54	4:59	6:13	5:44	5:22	7:23	5:25	8:04	4:43	8:41	20
20	6:06	7:10	6:44	6:14	6:28	4:34	6:58	4:29	6:53	5:00	6:12	5:45	5:20	7:25	5:23	8:05	4:42	8:42	21
21	6:07	7:08	6:46	6:13	6:29	4:33	6:58	4:29	6:52	5:01	6:10	5:46	5:18	7:26	5:21	8:07	4:41	8:43	22
22	6:08	7:06	6:47	6:11	6:30	4:32	6:59	4:30	6:51	5:03	6:08	5:48	5:16	7:27	5:20	8:08	4:40	8:44	23
23	6:09	7:04	6:49	6:09	6:31	4:32	6:59	4:30	6:50	5:04	6:06	5:49	5:15	7:29	5:18	8:09	4:39	8:45	24
24	6:11	7:02	6:50	6:08	6:33	4:31	6:59	4:31	6:49	5:06	6:05	5:51	5:13	7:30	5:16	8:10	4:39	8:46	25
25	6:12	7:00	6:51	6:06	6:34	4:30	7:00	4:32	6:48	5:07	6:03	5:52	5:11	7:31	5:15	8:12	4:38	8:47	26
26	6:13	6:58	6:53	6:05	6:35	4:30	7:00	4:32	6:47	5:09	6:01	5:54	5:09	7:33	5:13	8:13	4:37	8:48	27
27	6:14	6:56	6:54	6:03	6:37	4:29	7:00	4:33	6:46	5:10	5:59	5:55	5:07	7:34	5:12	8:14	4:36	8:49	28
28	6:16	6:55	6:55	6:02	6:38	4:29	7:01	4:34	6:45	5:11	5:57	5:56	5:05	7:35	5:10	8:16	4:36	8:50	29
29	6:17	6:53	6:57	6:00	6:39	4:28	7:01	4:35	6:44	5:13				7:37	5:09	8:17	4:35	8:51	30
30	6:17	6:53	6:57	6:00	6:39	4:28	7:01	4:35	6:44	5:13				7:37	5:09	8:17	4:35	8:51	30
31			6:58	5:59			7:01	4:35	6:43	5:14				7:38			4:34	8:52	31



## SOUTHERN AREA SHOOTING HOURS 2019–2020 ZONE A:

*Note: Spring turkey and migratory game bird hunters need to subtract 20 minutes from evening times.*

Day	September 2019		October 2019		November 2019		December 2019		January 2020		February 2020		March 2020		April 2020		May 2020		
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	
1	5:44	7:47	6:18	6:52	6:57	6:02	6:34	4:35	6:55	4:44	6:38	5:21	5:57	6:00	6:02	7:38	5:12	8:14	1
2	5:45	7:45	6:19	6:50	6:58	6:01	6:36	4:35	6:55	4:45	6:37	5:23	5:55	6:02	6:00	7:40	5:11	8:15	2
3	5:47	7:43	6:21	6:49	6:59	6:01	6:37	4:34	6:55	4:46	6:36	5:24	5:53	6:03	5:58	7:41	5:10	8:17	3
4	5:48	7:41	6:22	6:47	6:01	4:58	6:38	4:34	6:55	4:47	6:35	5:25	5:52	6:04	5:56	7:42	5:08	8:18	4
5	5:49	7:40	6:23	6:45	6:02	4:57	6:39	4:34	6:55	4:48	6:34	5:27	5:50	6:05	5:54	7:43	5:07	8:19	5
6	5:50	7:38	6:24	6:43	6:03	4:55	6:40	4:34	6:55	4:49	6:32	5:28	5:48	6:07	5:53	7:44	5:06	8:20	6
7	5:51	7:36	6:25	6:41	6:04	4:54	6:41	4:34	6:54	4:50	6:31	5:30	5:46	6:08	5:51	7:46	5:04	8:21	7
8	5:52	7:34	6:26	6:40	6:06	4:53	6:42	4:34	6:54	4:51	6:30	5:31	6:45	7:09	5:49	7:47	5:03	8:22	8
9	5:53	7:32	6:28	6:38	6:07	4:52	6:43	4:34	6:54	4:52	6:28	5:32	6:43	7:10	5:47	7:48	5:02	8:23	9
10	5:54	7:31	6:29	6:36	6:08	4:51	6:43	4:34	6:54	4:53	6:27	5:34	6:41	7:12	5:46	7:49	5:01	8:25	10
11	5:55	7:29	6:30	6:35	6:10	4:50	6:44	4:34	6:53	4:54	6:26	5:35	6:39	7:13	5:44	7:50	5:00	8:26	11
12	5:57	7:27	6:31	6:33	6:11	4:49	6:45	4:34	6:53	4:55	6:24	5:36	6:37	7:14	5:42	7:52	4:58	8:27	12
13	5:58	7:25	6:33	6:31	6:12	4:48	6:46	4:34	6:53	4:57	6:23	5:38	6:36	7:15	5:41	7:53	4:57	8:28	13
14	5:59	7:23	6:34	6:29	6:14	4:47	6:47	4:34	6:52	4:58	6:22	5:39	6:34	7:17	5:39	7:54	4:56	8:29	14
15	6:00	7:22	6:35	6:28	6:15	4:46	6:48	4:34	6:52	4:59	6:20	5:40	6:32	7:18	5:37	7:55	4:55	8:30	15
16	6:01	7:20	6:36	6:26	6:16	4:45	6:48	4:35	6:51	5:00	6:19	5:42	6:30	7:19	5:36	7:56	4:54	8:31	16
17	6:02	7:18	6:37	6:24	6:18	4:44	6:49	4:35	6:51	5:02	6:17	5:43	6:29	7:20	5:34	7:58	4:53	8:32	17
18	6:03	7:16	6:39	6:23	6:19	4:43	6:50	4:35	6:50	5:03	6:16	5:45	6:27	7:22	5:32	7:59	4:52	8:33	18
19	6:04	7:14	6:40	6:21	6:20	4:42	6:50	4:36	6:49	5:04	6:14	5:46	6:25	7:23	5:31	8:00	4:51	8:34	19
20	6:06	7:12	6:41	6:20	6:21	4:41	6:51	4:36	6:49	5:05	6:13	5:47	6:23	7:24	5:29	8:01	4:50	8:35	20
21	6:07	7:10	6:42	6:18	6:23	4:41	6:51	4:37	6:48	5:07	6:11	5:49	6:21	7:25	5:27	8:02	4:49	8:36	21
22	6:08	7:09	6:44	6:16	6:24	4:40	6:52	4:37	6:47	5:08	6:10	5:50	6:20	7:26	5:26	8:04	4:48	8:37	22
23	6:09	7:07	6:45	6:15	6:25	4:39	6:52	4:38	6:47	5:09	6:08	5:51	6:18	7:28	5:24	8:05	4:48	8:38	23
24	6:10	7:05	6:46	6:13	6:26	4:38	6:53	4:38	6:46	5:11	6:06	5:53	6:16	7:29	5:23	8:06	4:47	8:39	24
25	6:11	7:03	6:47	6:12	6:28	4:38	6:53	4:39	6:45	5:12	6:05	5:54	6:14	7:30	5:21	8:07	4:46	8:40	25
26	6:12	7:01	6:49	6:10	6:29	4:37	6:53	4:39	6:44	5:13	6:03	5:55	6:12	7:31	5:20	8:08	4:45	8:41	26
27	6:14	6:59	6:50	6:09	6:30	4:37	6:54	4:40	6:43	5:15	6:02	5:56	6:11	7:32	5:18	8:10	4:45	8:42	27
28	6:15	6:58	6:51	6:07	6:31	4:36	6:54	4:41	6:42	5:16	6:00	5:58	6:09	7:34	5:17	8:11	4:44	8:43	28
29	6:16	6:56	6:53	6:06	6:32	4:36	6:54	4:42	6:41	5:17	5:58	5:59	6:07	7:35	5:15	8:12	4:43	8:44	29
30	6:17	6:54	6:54	6:05	6:33	4:35	6:54	4:42	6:40	5:19			6:05	7:36	5:14	8:13	4:43	8:45	30
31			6:55	6:03			6:55	4:43	6:39	5:20			6:03	7:37			4:42	8:46	31