This publication gives you a summary of Wisconsin’s laws which pertain to Hound Dog Training and Dog Club Training licenses. It is not a complete set of laws.

A Hound Dog Training License allows for the following activities:

- Purchase, possession and use of captive raccoon or bobcat for dog training purposes;
- Use of captive black bear possessed under a Captive Wild Animal Farm License for dog training purposes;
- Purchase, possession and use of rabbits, hares, coyote and fox for dog training in a permitted Hound Dog Training Enclosure.

A Hound Dog Training License is not needed:

- to accompany a trainer or observe dog training activities;
- to assist in handling the dogs during dog training activities;
- for dog club members to train on a licensed Dog Club Training property; and
- to train on free-roaming bear from July 1-August 3. See the Bear Hunting Regulations for more information.

Each hound dog training or dog club training license is valid until the third December 31st after the date of issuance. Example: A license issued in June of 2013 is valid until December 31, 2015.

**License Requirements**

Each person who participates in hound dog training with the use of captive wild animals specified above must have their own hound dog training license or be a member of a club that holds a Dog Club Training License. The license does not authorize commercial or organized shoots, selling, breeding, or propagating of animals, or training dogs with captive black bear on DNR lands.

**Hound Dog Training License $25.00**

May be issued to any individual who is at least 10 years of age who files a dog training license application and pays the applicable fee. Individuals issued a hound dog training license are subject to the following requirements:

- **Display of license.** While engaged in hound dog training, the licensee must be in possession of the license and make the license available to any DNR conservation warden or other authorized DNR agent upon request.
- **Location.** Train only on the properties or areas identified and approved on the license.
- **Care, Handling & Treatment.** See section on Care and Treatment of Birds and Animals (below).
- **Record Keeping.** Maintain proof of legal possession of captive wild animals, and file quarterly and annual reports with the Department as required. See the Reports, Record Keeping and Proof of Legal Possession Requirement section.

**Hound Dog Training Enclosures, Inspections & Permits (No Fee)**

In addition to needing a hound dog training, hound dog trial, or dog club training license, a Hound Dog Training Enclosure Permit is required to possess and use captive wild rabbits, hares, fox or coyote for dog training purposes. Training with these species may only occur within a hound dog training enclosure which:

1. meets the requirements of NR 17.045, Wis. Adm. Code
2. has been inspected by the Department
3. holds a current Hound Dog Training Enclosure permit.

Unless the hound dog training enclosure is covered under a Dog Club or Dog Trial license, anyone that releases or trains their dogs on rabbits, hares, fox or coyote within the enclosure must possess an individual Hound Dog Training license.

See the Wisconsin Hound Dog Training Enclosure Regulations for specific regulations on training dogs in a hound dog training enclosure, and details on how to apply for an enclosure permit.

**Dog Club Training License $100.00**

Issued to an organization that files a dog club training application with the applicable fee and owns or leases land for the purpose of training bird dogs or hound dogs to retrieve, point, flush or track game. A Dog Club Training License cannot be issued for lands that are not owned or leased by the club.
A club is any organization of at least 2 or more individuals, of whom at least one is a minimum 14 years of age and eligible to obtain a dog club training license. Members must be eligible to participate in legal dog training activities and identified in writing as members of the licensed dog training club on a list retained by the license holder. Such lists shall be made available to the department upon request. A person under the age of 10 may be a member of a dog training club and may train dogs with the use of captive wild animals as authorized under the Dog Training Club License, but may not possess a firearm or kill any animal as part of the training activity.

Similar to the Hound Dog Training License, a Dog Club Training License allows the members of a club to purchase, possess and use approved captive wild animals that are bred in captivity for hound dog training. Training under this license may only take place on properties owned or leased by the club. The species authorized for use under a dog club training license are the same as those for an individual bird dog or hound dog training license.

All requirements of the Hound Dog Training License apply to a Dog Club Training license except for the display of license requirements. The Dog Club Training license shall be kept at the clubhouse or training grounds where the training activity is occurring. If a club member is engaged in training activities but not within one-quarter mile of the clubhouse, the member shall be in possession of a copy of the dog club training license. Club members shall make the license available to any DNR conservation warden or other authorized DNR agent upon request.

**CLASSES OF FIELD TRAINING & Trial GROUNDS**

**Class 1 Training & Trial Grounds**

Class 1 grounds are those department lands that are posted, marked or designated where dog training and trials are allowed year-round, except hunting shall have priority. Class 1 grounds include the following:

1. Richard Bong state recreation area – the special use zone
2. George W. Mead wildlife area
3. Lower Wisconsin River wildlife area – Mazomanie unit
4. Kettle Moraine State Forest – northern and Ottawa units
5. Pine Island wildlife area

**Class 2 Training & Trial Grounds**

Class 2 grounds include any other DNR lands which are designated and approved by the Department. Department lands will not be approved if dog training or trialing is determined to be inconsistent with the master plan, property plan, wildlife management objectives, or federal requirements. Class 2 grounds may have property-specific regulations.

**Dog Training & Trial Grounds Maps**

Maps of each designated dog training/trialing grounds are available online at [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov), search “dog training.”

**REPORTS, RECORD KEEPING AND PROOF OF LEGAL POSSESSION REQUIREMENTS**

Each person holding a Hound Dog Training License, or a Dog Club Training License must keep a record by date of all captive wild animals that are purchased, acquired, transferred, died, killed or escaped, including:

1. Complete name and address, and any captive wildlife license number of the person from whom the wild animals were purchased or acquired.
2. The date of the transaction, and the number and species of wild animals.
3. All captive wild animals that have died, been killed, or escaped.

Records must be kept up-to-date and all transactions must be recorded within 7 days. All records and reports must be kept for at least 3 years and must be made available for inspection by DNR personnel upon request.

**Annual Reports**

All license holders must submit a Captive Wildlife and Fur Farm Annual Report Form 9400-579A report by January 30 each year. Annual reports must include all the following information for each species of captive wild bird:

1. The total number of each species possessed on the date of the report.
2. The total number of each species that were purchased or otherwise acquired during the reporting year.
3. The total number of each species that were released or transferred during the reporting year.
4. The total number of each species that were killed, escaped or died during the reporting year.

**Quarterly Reports**

All license holders must submit a Captive Wildlife Quarterly Report – Form 9400-579 for all transactions involving bobcat, coyote and fox. Quarterly reports are Due April 30, July 31, October 31 and January 31 each year for the previous 3 months.
Reports must include the species, age, sex and number of:
1. live animals that were purchased or otherwise obtained;
2. live animals that were sold, shipped or otherwise transferred;
3. live animals that were escaped, died or were killed;
4. dead animals that were sold, shipped or otherwise transferred; and
5. animals born alive.

Submission of required reports may be a condition for renewal of any license or permit.

**Sources of Captive Wild Animals for Hound Dog Training**

**In-State Captive Sources.** Generally, all coyote, fox, rabbit, raccoon and bobcat used for hound dog training may only be obtained from a legal, Wisconsin captive-bred source. No free-ranging wild animals captured from the wild may be used for hound dog training purposes, except:

1. Coyotes and raccoons that are live-trapped on a Wisconsin licensed wild fur farm.
2. Coyotes and rabbits that are causing a nuisance or damage, and which have been live-trapped for relocation under the authority of s. NR 12.10(1)(a)5 and (b)5., Wis. Adm. Code.

Coyotes or rabbits that were live-trapped under # 2 above, and released into a hound dog training enclosure, may not be later relocated to any other cage or enclosure unless that enclosure has a valid Hound Dog Training Enclosure Permit.

**Out-of-State Captive Sources.** Unless authorized by the Department, captive wild animals from out-of-state may not be used within a hound dog training enclosure. When determining whether to issue an authorization, the Department shall consider whether the animal originates from a state or country with suspected or known infectious wildlife diseases.

If the Department authorizes use of an imported captive animal for use in hound dog training enclosures, the animal shall be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection as required under s. ATCP 11.02, Wis. Adm. Code, and a copy of the certificate shall be maintained with the records required to be kept under s. NR 17.11., Wis. Adm. Code. In addition, a copy shall be provided to the Department with quarterly reports required under s. 169.36(9)(b) Stats.

**Note:** To request the use of an imported captive wild animal, contact the state wildlife veterinarian, (608) 221-6337.

**Dog Training on Free-Roaming Wild Animals**

Any person may train or trial dogs on free-roaming wild animals (except wolves) without a dog training or trialing license, except certain prohibitions apply:

- **Department lands.** Dogs shall be controlled on a leash not longer than 8 feet in length from April 15 - July 31 on all DNR public hunting lands, with the exception of Class 1 and select Class 2 dog training grounds (see additional restrictions below).
  - **Exception:** Training/trialing on free-roaming raccoons and rabbits is allowed July 1 – April 14 on Department lands without a leash (except where prohibited in state parks, campgrounds, natural areas and other posted area).

- **Northern restricted zone.** Dog training free-roaming wild animal is prohibited May 1 to June 30 on all public and private lands within the northern restricted zone.
  - **Exception:** Training and trialing is allowed on free-roaming raccoons and rabbits in the Northern Restricted Zone May 1 – June 30 provided the following apply:
    1. The licensee applies for and receives a hound dog training or trialing license.
    2. The licensee complies with any restrictions placed on a license to prevent the pursuit of wildbear.
    3. The Department approves the requested property locations (licensee may list up to 3 townships in the same or adjoining counties for training purposes).
    4. No more than 2 dogs in a single pack may be used to pursue raccoon or rabbit for training purposes, regardless the number of persons assisting the licensee and regardless of the dogs’ ownership.

- **Bear dog training period.** An individual may use dogs to pursue free-roaming wild bear July 1 – August 31, except that it is illegal to:
  - pursue bear with a dog that is not tattooed or wearing a collar displaying the owner’s name and address;
  - hunt, train dogs or pursue bear with more than 6 dogs in a single pack, regardless of the number of bear
hikers or the dog’s ownership;
  o pursued bear where prohibited in state parks, state campgrounds, state natural areas or other posted or restricted areas.

- **Revocations.** Pursuant to s. 169.45(7), Stats., the department may revoke a dog training license issued under s. 169.20, Stats., when dogs are found to be running bear in the northern restricted zone at times other than the July 1 to August 31 bear dog training period established under s. NR 10.101(2)(b).

- **Killing wild animals.** No person engaged in training dogs may kill or cause to be killed any free-roaming wild animal including unprotected wild animals without Department approval.

### Care And Treatment Of Captive Animals

Captive wild animals possessed for dog training purposes shall be treated in a humane manner and confined under sanitary conditions with proper and adequate space, shade and fresh water. Dogs may not be released into a training enclosure with the intent to injure or kill any captive wild animal. Captive wild animals may not be shot inside a training enclosure or cage. Any coyote or fox injured during a dog training exercise shall be submitted to a veterinarian for treatment at the owner or operator’s expense or euthanized and reported to the Department within 24 hours.

Primary and transportation enclosures shall meet the requirements in § NR 16.30 to 16.38, Wisconsin Administrative Code.


### Lawfully-obtained captive bear, bobcat and raccoon may be used for dog training and trials, provided:

1. Any bear is also possessed under authority of a Captive Wild Animal Farm license.
2. Bear, bobcat and raccoon, when not being used for training purposes, are housed in accordance with s. NR 16.30 and 16.38.
3. The bear, bobcat or raccoon is kept in a cage at all times. The cage shall be constructed so that:
   a. The cage is strong enough to contain the animal securely and comfortably, and to withstand the normal rigors of training.
   b. The interior has no sharp points, edges, or protrusions that could injure the animal within it.
   c. The animal is securely contained at all times in a way that it is not likely to result in injury to itself, handlers, or persons or animals nearby.
   d. The cage containing the bear has a mesh size no greater than 2 inches square.
   e. Sufficient space is provided to allow the animal to make normal postural adjustments, with adequate freedom of movement to sit, stand on all 4 legs, turn around and lie in a normal manner.
   f. Urine and feces are allowed to drain from the cage.
   g. Permanent handles or handholds are provided on the exterior, which enables the cage to be lifted and ensures that anyone handling the cage will not come into physical contact with the animal inside.
   h. When the cage is elevated in a tree or on a pole for training or trial purposes, the cage shall be raised a minimum of 10 feet off the ground.
4. All individuals except the owner of the captive animal, the owner’s designee or the dog handler shall be kept at least 4 feet from the cage. For bear, a barrier shall be provided to assure that individuals other than the owner, designee or handlers are kept 4 feet from the cage.
5. Dogs shall be kept a minimum of one foot from the cage at all times by restraint, cage design or barrier fence, except where the cage is covered by solid material which prevents all physical contact between the dog and the captive animal. The “one foot minimum distance” does not apply to raccoon training or trials with the use of roll cages.
6. The cage shall be adequately shaded at all times.
7. The bear, bobcat or raccoon shall have access to fresh water.
8. Roll cages may not be used for dog training with bear or bobcat.
9. Training & Trialng periods.
   a. The length of time that captive wild bear, bobcat or raccoon may be used for training exercises may not exceed 12 hours within a 24-hour period.
   b. Captive wild bear, bobcat and raccoon shall be provided a minimum of 8 consecutive hours of rest within a 24-hour period.
   c. Bear, bobcat or raccoon used for training may not be housed in an enclosure that does not meet the primary enclosure standards in NR 16.30(4), Wis. Adm. Code for a period of more than 72 hours.
Lawfully-obtained captive rabbits, hares, coyote and fox, may be used for dog training and trials, provided:

1. The rabbits, hares, coyote and fox are confined within a hound dog training enclosure which meets the requirements of NR 17.045, Wis. Adm. Code, has been inspected by the Department, and has a current Hound Dog Training Enclosure Permit. (See section on Hound Dog Training Enclosures, Inspections and Permits above for more details.)

2. Training & Trialing periods:
   a. The length of time that training activity may occur in a hound dog training enclosure containing captive coyote or fox may not exceed 16 hours within a 24-hour period.
   b. A minimum of 8 consecutive hours of rest within a 24-hour period shall be provided during which no dog training or trialing may take place within an enclosure containing captive coyote or fox.

Captive Wildlife Laws

- To purchase copies via mail, please call or write:
  Document Sales
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For more information on hound dog or dog club training, visit [dnr.wi.gov](http://dnr.wi.gov) and search keywords "dog training."