

SWL&P MGP SITE Superior, Wisconsin

GLLA RAOR Monthly Meeting March 7, 2022

Agenda

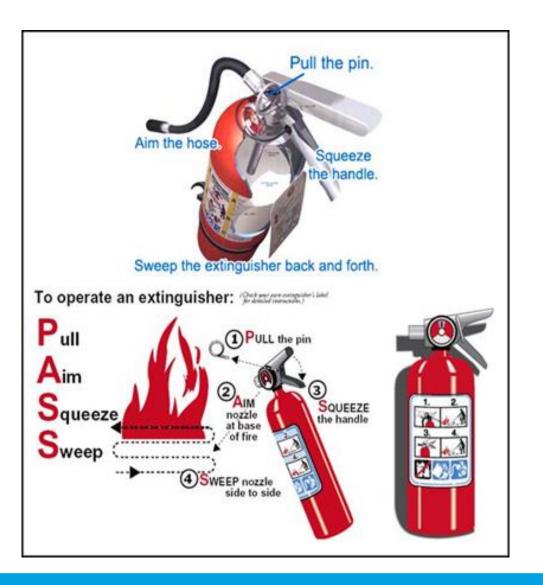
No.	Description	Facilitator	Involvement	Duration
1.	Safety	Jill	Information	2 minutes
2.	Appendix B – PDI Memo	Jill	Information	20 minutes
3.	RAOR update	Steve/Jill	Information	20 minutes
4.	Review Schedule	Steve	Information/ Input	5 minutes
5.	Next Steps/Action Items	Steve/All	Input	5 minutes

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Fire Extinguishers



Types of Fire Extinguishers

- <u>Class A:</u> Regular combustibles such as wood, cloth and paper (Think of "A" for leaves and "Ash")
- <u>Class B:</u> Flammable liquids such as gasoline, oil and certain paints (Think of "B" for comes in a "Barrel or Bottle")
- <u>Class C:</u> Electrical fire such as over- heating electrical wires (Think of "C" for "Circuit")
- <u>Class D:</u> Combustible metals such as titanium, sodium or magnesium (Think of "D" for materials that "Dent")
- <u>Class K:</u> Food products such as certain cooking oils and animal fats (Think of "K" for "Kitchen")

Types of Fire Extinguishers

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) requires inspection of your extinguisher every month. During this check visually inspection of the unit, clean, check pull pin as well as provide documentation of the inspection. Annual inspection of each of extinguishers is required by NFPA.



Appendix B – PDI Summary Memo



Pre-Design Investigation

- SIR approved by WDNR on June 26, 2019
- PDI Work Plan approval granted April 3, 2020
- Upland and In-Water Areas to be addressed by independent RAORs
- Implemented PDI Work Plan June July 2020
 - Bathymetric Survey completed by Brennan
 - 2 Geotechnical in-water borings
 - 2 Geotechnical upland borings
 - 14 environmental sediment cores, including reoccupation of SW15-SB06

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Memo Narrative

Tables

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- Table B-1 Target vs Actual Sediment Location
- Table B-2 PDI Sediment Core Collection Table
- Table B-3 Sediment Physical Result Summary
- Table B-4 Shoreline and Sediment Probing Investigation
- Table B-5 Sediment Analytical Results

Figures

- Figure B-1 Target vs Actual Sediment Core Locations
- Figure B-2 Shoreline Assessment
- Figure B-3 Total PAH Results

Appendix B – Summary Memo Outline (cont.)

Attachments

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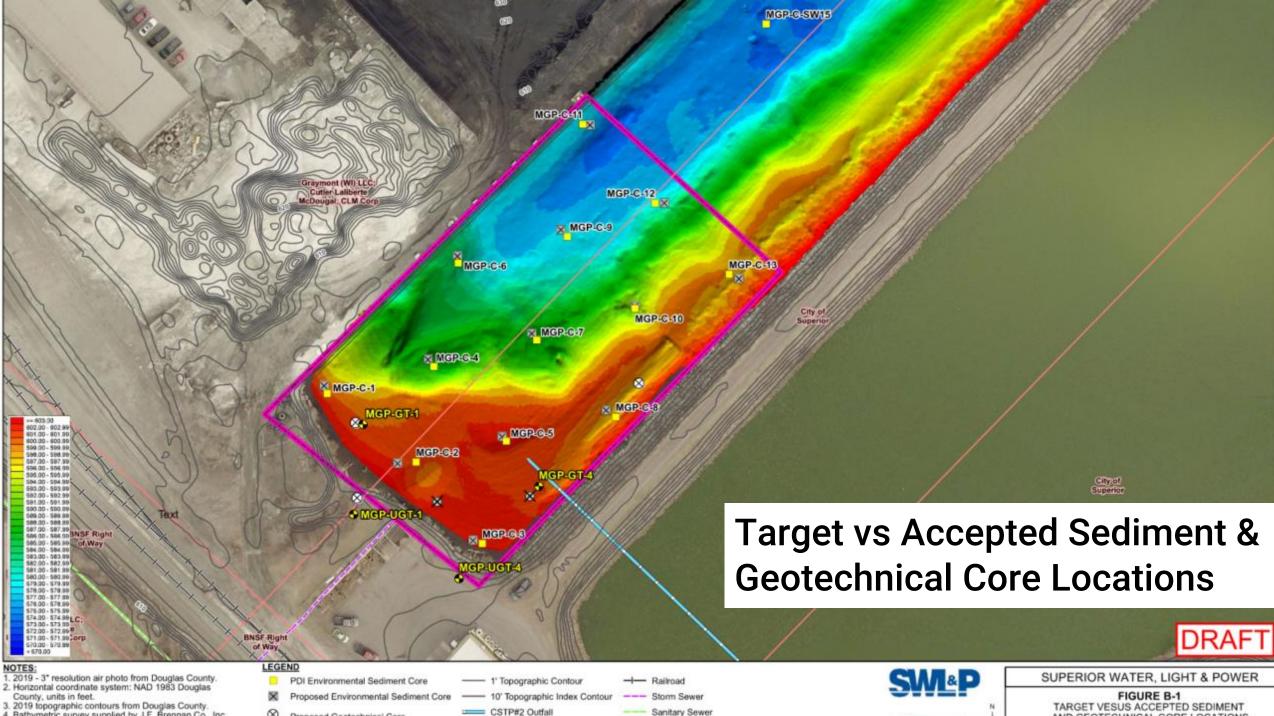
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- Appendix B-1
 2020 Brennan Bathymetry Report
- Appendix B-2
 PDI Sediment Core gINT Log
- Appendix B-3
 PDI Geotechnical Core gINT Log
 - Appendix B-4 PDI Sediment & Geotechnical Core Photographic Log
 - Appendix B-5 PDI Geotechnical Laboratory Results
 - Appendix B-6 PDI Shoreline Inspection Photographic Log
 - Appendix B-7 PDI Sediment Validation & Lab Report
 - Appendix B-8 PDI Waste Characterization Analytical Report
 - Appendix B-9 PDI Work Plan Modification Letter





2019 topographic contours from Douglas County.
 Bathymetric survey supplied by J.F. Brennan Co., Inc.

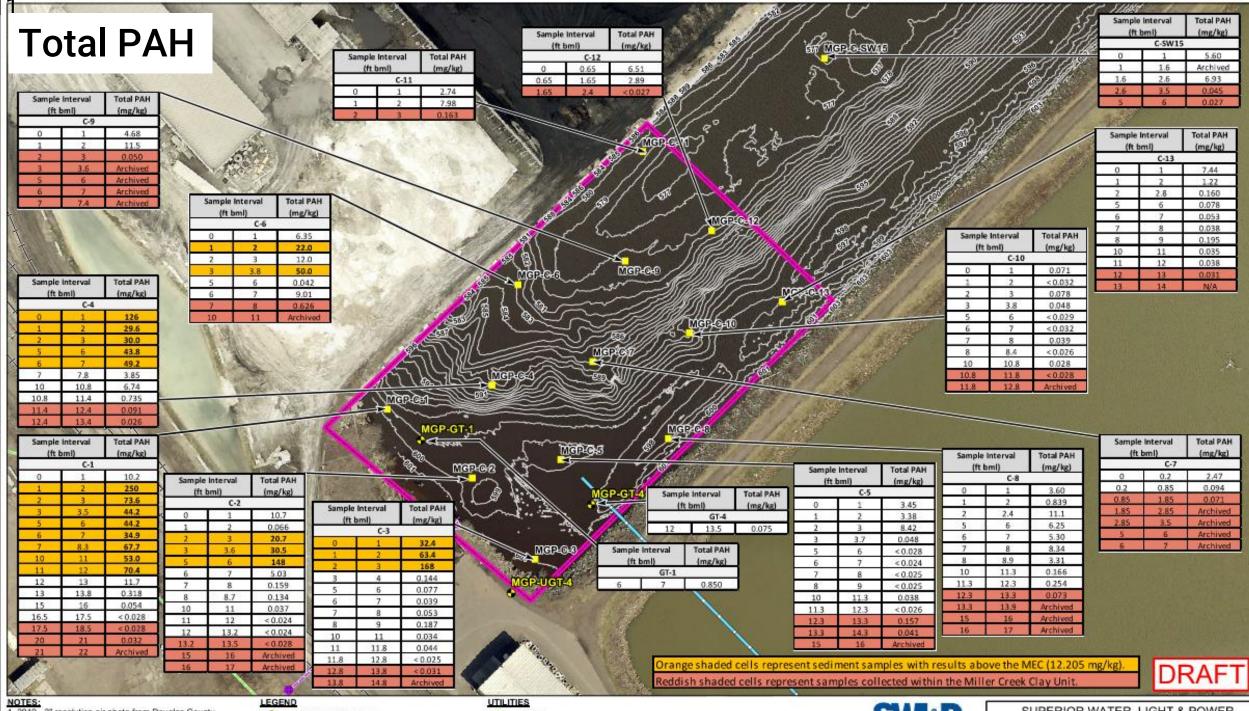
 \otimes Proposed Geotechnical Core Sanitary Sewer



TARGET VESUS ACCEPTED SEDIMENT AND GEOTECHNICAL CORE LOCATIONS

Sediment Thickness & Sediment Probing Results

		***	2		DRAFT
NOTES: 1. 2019 - 3* resolution air photo from Douglas County. 2. Horizontal coordinate system: NAD 1983 Douglas	LEGEND Total Push Probe Sediment Depth (ft)	Sediment Thickness (ft)3	10 × - Fenceline		SUPERIOR WATER, LIGHT & POWER
2. Honzonal coordinate system: NAD 1955 Douglas County, units in feet. 3. Contours represents sediment thickness between the Top of Miller Creek vs 6-20-2020 bathymetric survey.	• 0-1 • 1-2	0 2	12 BBBB Rip-Rap 14 Shoreline Wall	N N	FIGURE B-2 SEDIMENT THICKNESS, SEDIMENT PROBING RESULTS, AND SHORELINE ASSESSMENT
 2019 topographic contours from Douglas County. 	• 2-3 • 3-4	4 6			SEDIMENT REMEDIAL ACTION OPTIONS REPORT SUPERIOR, WISCONSIN
This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as one. This drawing is a compilation of records, information and data used for reference purposes only.	 4 - 5 5 - 6 6 - 7 	8	20 Storm Sewer Sanitary Sewer	0 30 60	Date: FEBRUARY 2022 Revision Date: Drawn By: DAT Checked By: ECH1 Project: 18S024



Appendix B – Summary Memo Outline - Conclusions

- The highest tPAH concentration of 250 mg/kg was detected in sample MGP-C-1 within the 1 to 2 feet interval bml.
- The deepest tPAH concentration > MEC (70.4 mg/kg) was found at MGP-C-1 within the 11 to 12 feet interval bml.
- PAH impacts were not found in the Miller Creek Formation nor in the several intervals above the Miller Creek Formation.
- 8 of 13 core locations showed no intervals of tPAH concentrations above the MEC: MGP-C-5, MGP-C-7, MGP-C-8, MGP-C-9, MGP-C-10, MGP-C-11, MGP-C-12, and MGP-C-13.
- Reoccupation of SW15-SB06 found no tPAH concentration above the MEC.

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- Confirmed the mudline elevation from the bathymetric survey supporting the spatial interpolation model.
- Determined geotechnical conditions in the boat slip critical for maintaining stability of existing structures and shoreline.
 - Laboratory testing for geotechnical parameters are underway.



RAOR Update



Site Specific Remedial Action Objectives (RAOs)

- RAO 1 Reduce the PAH concentrations in sediment to protect aquatic receptors from exposure to Site-related PAH.
- RAO 2 Reduce the potential for contaminated sediment within the Site to act as a source contamination outside the boat slip to support the delisting of the St. Louis Estuary AOC.

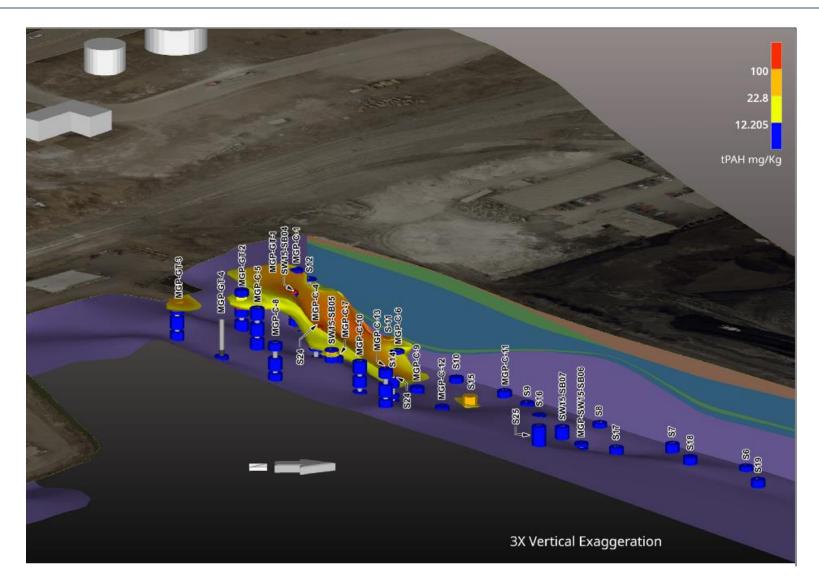


Selection of Cleanup Values

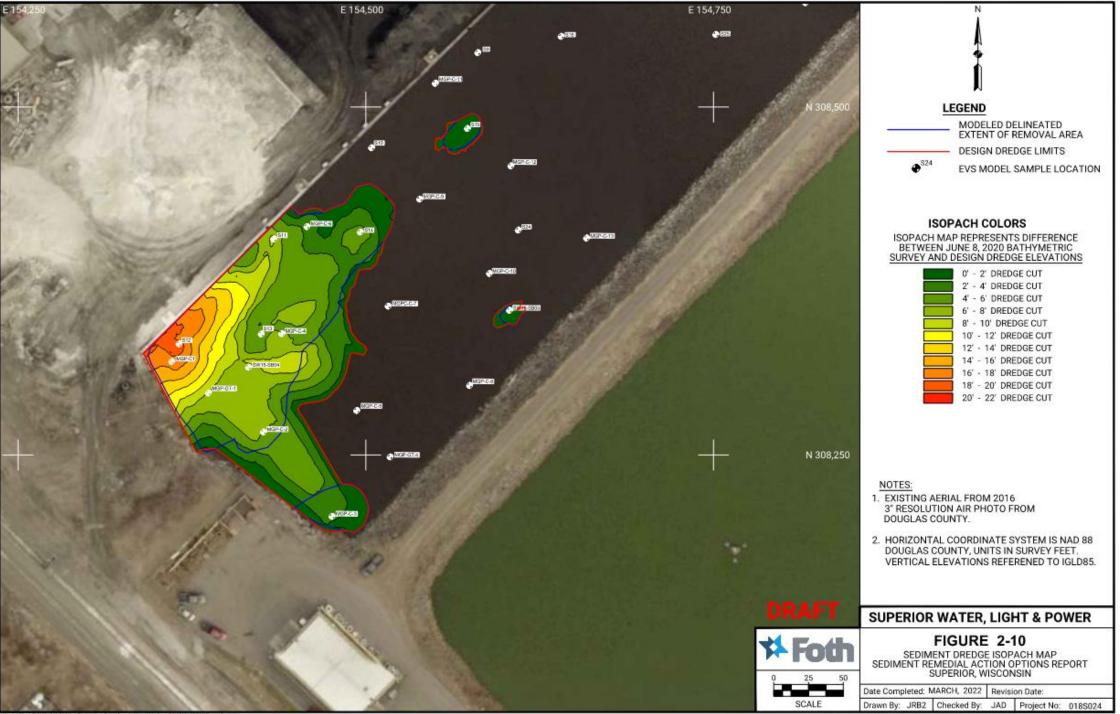
- Considered:
 - CBSQGs-TEC, MEC, PEC
 - Precedents at sites in St. Louis River AOC
 - Precedents at sites in Wisconsin and other Great Lakes States
 - Expected continuing industrial waterway use and discharges
- Discussed tPAH PEC of 22.8 mg/kg vs. MEC of 12.2 mg/kg
- Delineation revealed little difference in remedial footprint
- SIR Approval Letter established use of MEC (June 2019)
- Remedial area delineated using Cleanup Value = 12.2 mg/kg tPAH



Updated tPAH Results







v. Bauth 7: 2022 10 Bit 10 AM — File Location: Creets/Sedencer Water Lott PowerDates/Set/Locates/Declaredov

Technology Screening & Remedial Options



List of Possible Technologies

- No Action
- Monitored Natural Recovery (MNR)
- Sediment Removal
 - . Dredging
 - . Dewatering
 - . Off-site disposal
- Sediment Containment
- In-situ treatment
- Ex-situ treatment
- . Thermal Treatment
- Activity Use Limitations (AUL)

Remedial Options Evaluated

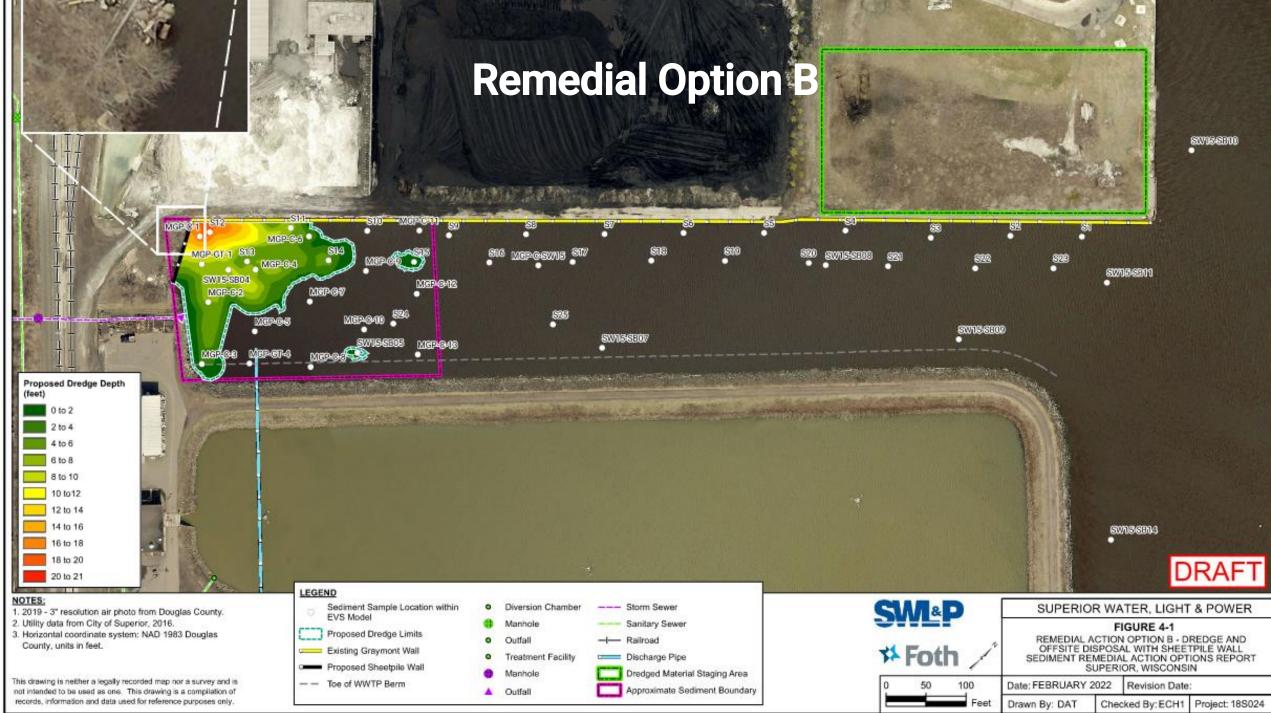
Remedial Option B

- Mechanical Dredging of target area where total PAH concentration exceed the MEC of 12.2 mg/kg.
- Approximate volume of sediment removed is 6,000 cy.
- Installation of a vertical sheet pile at the back of the boat slip so that sediment in front of the wall can be removed

Remedial Option C

- Mechanical Dredging of target area where total PAH concentration exceed the MEC of 12.2 mg/kg.
- Approximate volume of sediment removed is 5,300 cy.
- Capping along the back end of the boat slip, approximately 700 cy of impacted sediment would remain in place

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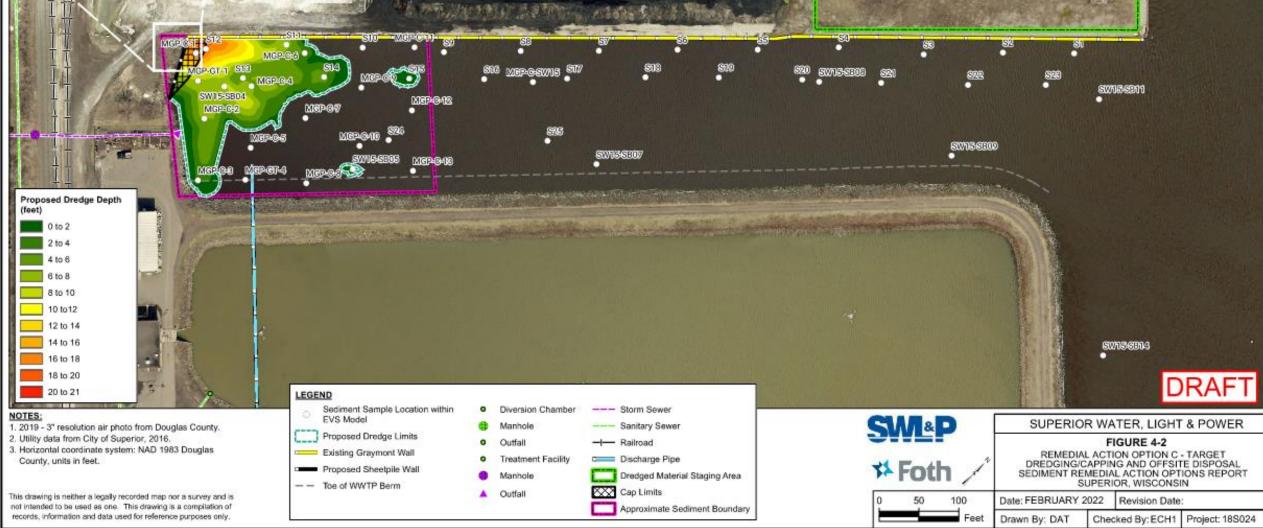


Date: O/Superior Water Light and Dougd (%/O/Clause Section of Demotion Action Options Departs Course 4.1 Option P. Departs and Officia Discourse with Photosis Water and Departs (Departs 2019)



Remedial Option C

SWIESINO



Deb: 0.02 means Water Light and Record 49(03)/CIRING Referent Remodel Action Options Report Course 4.2 Option C. Tenented Reports Capping and Officia Diseased and ... Date 317/00/

Review Schedule



In-Water Review Schedule

April 4, 2022	Target date for start of Agency review of Draft RAOR
April 25, 2022	Comments received
May 9, 2022	Final RAOR Submitted for Approval
May 23, 2022	RAOR approval

Next Steps



Next Steps

April meeting

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- Detailed discussion of RAOR- workshop?
- Feedback needed
 - Appendix B PDI Summary
- Web portal is set up- emails with instructions sent