Potential RU Rule Changes for Discussion

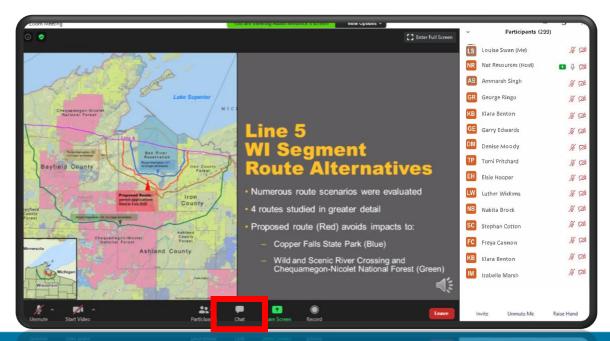
Jennifer Semrau

May 8 and 10, 2023

Meeting Logistics (Zoom)

Written Comments

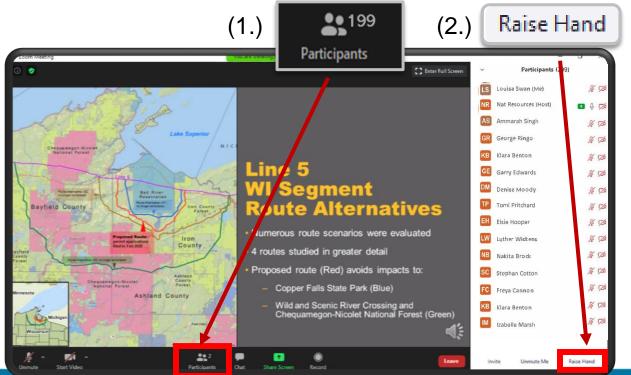
- 1. Click Chat
- 2. Submit your written comment or question



Meeting Logistics (Zoom)

Verbal Comments

- 1. Click Participants
- 2. Raise Hand



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Overview

- Scope includes NR 500, 502, 520, 542, 544- Focus today on RU Revisions
- Rule writing through June 2023
- Soliciting feedback throughout
 - MRF-specific feedback session, May 3 (<u>Slides</u>)
 - RU-specific feedback sessions, May 8 and 10
- Following are draft concepts subject to further internal, external and legal review/modification and not reflective of totality of potential code revisions

DNR ADMINISTRATIVE RULE PROMULGATION PROCEDURE FOR PERMANENT RULES 2020

			·	
PHASE I – Scope Statement Approval	7. Department may be directed to hold preliminary a public hearing on scope statement. Notify NRB Liaison	PHASE II – Rule Preparation 14. Proposed rule language	21. Notice of public hearing published in the Register and posted on DNR external website	28. Final rule submitted to and approved by the Governor.
1. Scope statement completed and approved by the Secretary.	by email if preliminary hearing is requested. <u>If JCRAR does not</u> <u>request preliminary public hearing,</u> <u>move onto step 12.</u> 8. Green Sheet package submitted to request NRB authorization to hold preliminary public hearing.	prepared in board order format.	and hearings calendar. 22. Public hearing on proposed rule held at least 10 days after publication in the Register. Public comment period closes.	PHASE V – Legislative Review
2. Scope statement submitted to		PHASE II – Economic Impact Analysis		29. Report to Legislature and Notices prepared and submitted
DOA.		15. Fiscal estimate and economic impact analysis (FE/EIA) prepared.		to Assembly and Senate Chief Clerks. Rule must be submitted for legislative review before the scope statement 30-month expiration date.
3. Scope statement submitted to and approved by the Governor.		16. Solicitation Notice prepared for comments on EIA. Solicitation	23. Rule language revised based on external review.	
	B, JCRAR, and NRB. 10. Notice of preliminary public hearing published by LRB in the Register. Scope onth expiration Register and posted on DNR external website and hearings	Memo to NRB prepared.	24. Request for incorporation by reference submitted to AG if rule requires incorporation by reference. PHASE IV – Rule Approval	30. Rule referred to and reviewed
4. Approved scope statement submitted to LRB, JCRAR, and NRB.		 17. Solicitation Memo submitted to NRB for information. 18. Solicitation Notice posted on DNR website and published in the Register. Notice submitted to affected parties. Comment period closes. 		by Standing Committees.
5. LRB publishes the scope				31. Rule referred to and reviewed by JCRAR.
statement in the Register. Scope statement 30-month expiration				PHASE VI – Promulgation
 starts on day of publication. 6. Yellow Sheet submitted to reserve time on the NRB agenda for approval of scope statement, conditional approval of the notice of public hearing and the notice of submittal of the proposed rule to the Legislative Council (notices), 	11. Preliminary public hearing held. Comment period closes.		25. Yellow Sheet submitted to hold a place on NRB's agenda for adoption of proposed rule.	32. Final Rule signed by the Secretary.
		PHASE III – External Reviews		33. Final Rule filed with LRB.
	12. Green Sheet package submitted to request NRB's approval of scope statement and notices.	19. Public hearing documents prepared and submitted to NRB for 15-day passive review.	26. Green Sheet package submitted to request NRB adoption of proposed rule.	34. Rule proof received by LRB and reviewed by program.
and approval of preliminary public hearing.	13. NRB meeting to approve scope statement and notices.	20. Rule documents submitted to and reviewed by the Legislative Council.	27. NRB meeting for adoption of final rule.	35. Final rule published in the Register. Rule becomes effective the first day of the month following publication.

How Responsible Units (RUs) are defined (each local government, unless alternative RU established)

What does recycling code revision NOT cover?

Which materials are banned from landfill disposal and which materials RUs are required to provide collection for

How the recycling grant is distributed

Above items are defined in statute, Ch. 287, Wis. Stats.

RU Education

- Presently RUs are required to have an information and education program addressing lead acid batteries, major appliances, oil, yard waste, tires, paper/cardboard, cans/bottles for residential, multifamily and non-residential properties
- Proposal
 - Eliminate requirements for "program start up" and "consumer and youth education"
 - Clarify/modify that "current program information" means reviewing annually for accuracy.
 - Add education requirements for additional materials accepted by your MRF (may not be materials in s. 287.07), electronics and food waste/compost.

RU Education

- Goals
 - Ensure recycling information is accurate and up-to-date; reduce contamination rates at MRFs.
 - Reduce the amount of food waste, yard waste and other organic materials going to landfills (food waste comprises over 20% of landfilled municipal solid waste).
- Specifics
 - RUs should review website or printed materials for accuracy each year; could use your MRF as a resource.
 - Can utilize DNR resources on electronics and food waste/composting.

Multi-family Recycling Specifications

- Presently Owners/designated agents at multi-family properties need to provide "adequate, separate containers" for recycling. They also need to notify tenants in writing at time of renting/leasing and semi-annually thereafter on how to recycle.
- Proposal
 - Provide specifications on what is "adequate" as the following:
 - Pairing every trash container with a recycling container AND EITHER
 - 20 gallons per week per dwelling unit of recycling container space OR
 - Ratio of trash to recycling container volume is 2:1 (or greater recycling volume)

Multi-family Recycling Specifications

Goals

- Provide clarity to a gray area... what is "adequate?"... which aids in RU enforcement of their recycling ordinance.
- Improve recycling access to residents of multi-family properties and reduce 'token' recycling efforts.
- Specifics
 - RUs would need to modify their recycling ordinance.
 - RUs would not be required to proactively enforce (do not need to notify multi-family properties).

RU Annual Report Timeframe

- Presently RU Annual Report is due 4/30. Grant application is due 10/1. The Annual Report deadline is code (can be changed); the grant application deadline is statute (can <u>not</u> be changed).
- Proposal
 - Modify the RU Annual Report deadline to coincide with the Grant Application deadline.
 - Both electronic forms would be due at the same time.
 - The RU Annual Report would no longer be due 4/30 and instead be due 10/1.

RU Annual Report Timeframe

- Goals
 - Reduce RU confusion which arises each April and Sept (confusion over needing to complete grant app or annual reporting, thinking it was just completed).
 - Reduce RU staff time necessary to devote to these submittals.
 - Move RU Annual Report from spring election season.
- Considerations
 - RUs would still need to report on planned, future expenses/tonnage for grant application (for next year), while reporting on previous year's actual expenses/tonnage from previous year.
 - For example, in Sept. of 2026, RU would need to report on actual expenses/tonnage of 2025 and planned expenses/tonnage of 2027.
 - Elections may result in new staff person, elected in April, completing report for year they were not with the community (and may not be familiar).
 - Time between year-end and reporting on year-end activities would increase significantly.

TABLE 1 Standards for Collection of Recyclables – Pounds Per Person Per Year –

Collection Standard

Rural 82.4 Urban 106.55

	Rural Municipalities	Other Municipalities
Newspaper	36	47
Corrugated Paper	6	7
Magazines	7	9
Aluminum Containers	1.4	1.8
Steel & Bi–Metal Containers	7	9
Plastic Containers	4	5
Glass Containers	22	29
Foam PS Packaging	0.3	0.4
TOTAL	83.7	108.2

Note: 1) Rural municipalities are those with a population of 5,000 or less or a permanent aggregate population density of less than 70 persons per square mile. For purposes of ch. NR 544, municipalities that do not meet that population criterion fall into the other category. 2) The department intends to periodically revise these collection standards as conditions warrant.

Collection Standard

- Proposal Total pounds/person metric (not broken out by individual recyclable material). Would continue with urban and rural standards, as well as existing multi-member blended and WTE standards.
- Question should collection standard be increased, decreased or stay the same?
 - Why increase? Strive to improve WI's recycling program, divert more recycling
 - Why decrease? Material light-weighting, less newspapers/magazines
- Specifics
 - Grant funding amount is NOT directly tied to tonnage collected or meeting collection standard (RU must have "effective recycling program").

Hauler Tonnage Data Reporting to RUs

- Presently Haulers are required to provide contracted RUs with recycling tonnage data within 4 weeks of a written request.
- Proposal
 - Require haulers to provide residential (single family and 2-4 unit) recycling tonnage information to all RUs, with or without a contract by Feb. 1.
 - Data would include name of Material Recovery Facility(ies) used.
 - If scale weights unavailable (mixed loads), estimated weights acceptable.
 - Haulers would also be required to notify RUs of any change MRF(s) used within one week.

Hauler Tonnage Data Reporting to RUs

Goals

- Ease the recycling data collection process for RUs, make it automatic.
- Reduce the work (phone calls and emails) for RUs and haulers in trying to attain this information.
- Specifics
 - RUs would receive one recycling tonnage figure, not broken out by material.
 - RUs would maintain this information and submit to the department on the annual report.
 - If a RU is notified that the hauler is using a new MRF, the RU is responsible to ensure the MRF is self-certified (RUs must use self-certified MRF). List of self-certified MRFs is available <u>online</u>.

General Questions/ Discussion?

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